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IF YOU JUST PICKED UP THIS AWESOME-LOOKING COMIC BOOK, YOU ARE EITHER ATTRACTED TO GRAPHIC STORY-TELLING, OR YOU ARE INTERESTED IN LEARNING HOW THIS WHOLE "JAZZ IMPROVISATION" THING WORKS. THE MOST IMPORTANT THING TO KNOW BEFORE YOU READ ANY FURTHER IS THAT JAZZ IMPROVISATION DOESN'T HAVE TO BE ROCKET SCIENCE. YES, THERE ARE PEOPLE WHO HAVE DEDICATED HOURS, YEARS, AND EVEN THEIR CAREERS TO STUDYING AND MASTERING JAZZ IMPROVISATION. WHATEVER YOUR GOAL IS TODAY, THIS BOOK IS A GREAT WAY TO GET STARTED ON THE JOURNEY. THESE PAGES ARE FOR THE MUSICIAN WHO HAS HEARD SOMEONE PLAY AN IMPROVISED SOLO AND THOUGHT, "HOW DO THEY DO THAT?" AND MOST IMPORTANTLY, "HOW CAN I DO THAT?"

GREAT JAZZ SOLOS APE A COMBINATION OF APTISTRY, TECHNIQUE, AND FAST THINKING. MANY PEOPLE HAVE ONE OF TWO OF THESE COMPONENTS. WITH PRACTICE AND EXPERIENCE YOU CAN MASTER ALL THREE!

THIS BOOK IS GOING TO GIVE YOU SOME SIMPLE TIPS AND TECHNIQUES USED BY THOUSANDS OF MUSICIANS TO START PLAYING GREAT SOLOS. IMPROVISATION IS USED IN JAZZ, ROCK, CLASSICAL, COUNTRY, BLUEGRASS, AND JUST ABOUT EVERY OTHER TYPE OF MUSIC THAT EXISTS. IT IS ARTISTIC, EXPRESSIVE, USES MANY DIFFERENT PARTS OF YOUR BRAIN SIMULTANEOUSLY, AND MOST IMPORTANTLY CAN BE A TON OF FUN. IF THIS SOUNDS LIKE SOMETHING YOU MIGHT BE INTERESTED IN EXPLORING, KEEP READING!

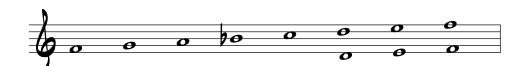


EVER LISTEN TO SOMEONE PLAY A SOLO AND YOU CAN'T QUITE PUT INTO WORDS WHAT DOESN'T SOUND RIGHT, BUT SOMETHING DEFINITELY DOES NOT SOUND RIGHT? CHANCES ARE THEY ARE NOT PLAXING THE RIGHT NOTES! SOME MAY SAY THERE ARE NO WRONG NOTES, BUT THERE ARE DEFINITELY NOTES THAT SOUND BETTER THAN OTHERS. SO HOW DO YOU KNOW THE RIGHT NOTES TO PLAY? IT BEGINS WITH KNOWING YOUR...

## SCALES

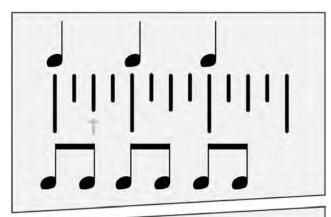
MUSICIANS PRACTICE SCALES TO GET COMFORTABLE ON THEIR INSTRUMENTS. SCALES ALSO HELP YOU FIND THE RIGHT NOTES. LET'S START BY REVIEWING A SCALE YOU MIGHT ALREADY KNOW:

## CONCERT B) MAJOR SCALE (Your *f major* scale)



#### SWINGING 8TH NOTES

JAZZ MUSIC IS OFTEN -- BUT NOT ALWAYS! -- PLAYED WITH A "SWING" FEEL. IN FACT, TWO OF THE BAND CHARTS IN THIS BOOK WILL BE PLAYED WITH SWING EIGHTH NOTES, AND TWO OF THEM WITH STRAIGHT EIGHTH NOTES. SO WHAT DOES THAT MEAN, EXACTLY?





#### STRAIGHT EIGHTHS:

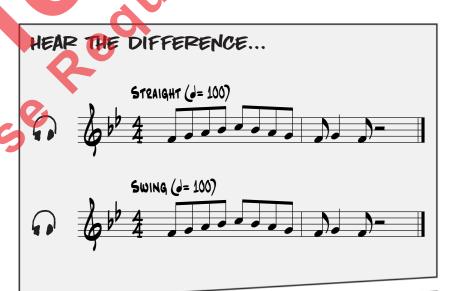
IMAGINE A RULER THAT CAN
MEASURE THE TIME BETWEEN
THE NOTES YOU PLAY. THE
EIGHTH NOTES ON UPBEATS
WOULD BE HALFWAY BETWEEN
THE DOWNBEATS, SINCE ALL THE
NOTES SHOULD BE EVEN.

#### SWING EIGHTHS:

WHEN WE SWING THE EIGHTH NOTES, IT MEANS WE PUSH THE UPBEATS BACK A BIT. THE DOWNBEATS STAY THE SAME, BUT THE UPBEATS ARE A LITTLE LATE. THIS CREATES A CASUAL, COOL, RELAXED FEELING.

JUST HOW LATE ARE THESE UPBEAT NOTES? THEY ARE NOT ALWAYS THE SAME! IT CAN DEPEND ON THE TEMPO, THE RHYTHM, AND THE PARTICULAR STYLE OF THE PLAYERS.

GENERALLY, WHEN THE TEMPO IS FASTER, THE EIGHTH NOTES ARE CLOSER TO STRAIGHT, AND WHEN THE TEMPO IS SLOWER, THE EIGHTH NOTES SWING THAT MUCH HARDER. BUT THE REAL ANSWER IS THAT YOU WILL NEVER LEARN THIS BY READING A DESCRIPTION OF IT. YOU HAVE TO HEAR IT AND FEEL IT BEFORE YOU CAN PLAY IT.



IN THE DOWNLOADABLE MP3 FILES,
TAKE A LISTEN TO THIS SHORT MUSICAL
PHRASE PLAYED TWICE. THE FIRST TIME
WITH **STRAIGHT** EIGHTH NOTES, AND THE
SECOND TIME WITH **SWING** EIGHTH NOTES.

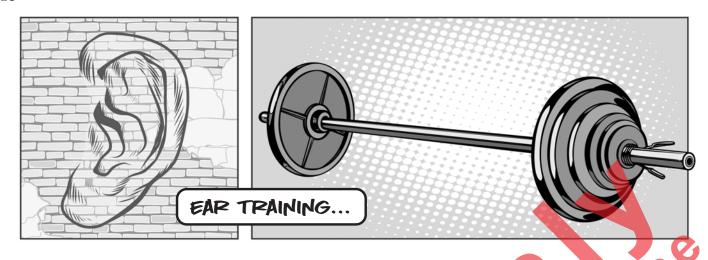
Flex Part 4

## BRANDT'S BLUES

Josh Weirich arr. Ryan Fraley (ASCAP)

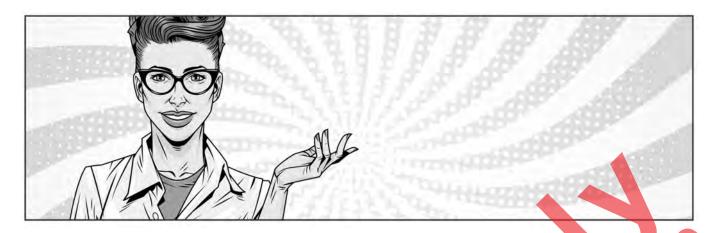
THIS IS A FULL BAND CHART. THERE ARE FIVE WIND PARTS IN TOTAL. YOUR BOOK HAS TWO OF THEM. YOUR DIRECTOR WILL ASSIGN YOU A PART.



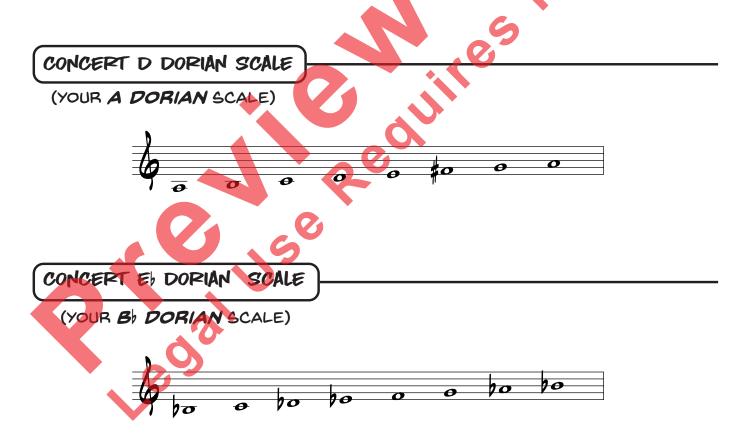


THE LANGUAGE OF JAZZ WAS DEVELOPED BY SOUND MORE SO THAN WRITTEN NOTATION. IT IS IMPORTANT TO LEARN HOW TO LISTEN AND INTERNALIZE THE NOTES THAT OTHERS PLAY, AND ALSO (EVENTUALLY) THE NOTES YOU HEAR IN YOUR OWN MIND. THIS LITTLE EAR-TRAINING EXERCISE USES ONLY NOTES FROM THE CONCERT BY MAJOR SCALE. LOOK FOR THE TRACK IN THE DOWNLOADABLE MP3 FILES. AFTER A COUNT-OFF, PIANO AND BASS WILL PLAY A SIMPLE, TWO-MEASURE PHRASE, THEN LEAVE TWO MEASURES OF SPACE FOR YOU TO REPEAT WHAT THEY PLAYED. HAVE FUN!





THERE ARE SO MANY SCALES TO LEARN! BUT RELAX, WE'RE ONLY GOING TO COVER A FEW OF THEM IN THIS BOOK, AND ONLY THE ONES YOU NEED TO KNOW FOR EACH OF THE FOUR BAND CHARTS. LET'S LOOK AT DORIAN SCALES RIGHT NOW. DORIAN IS ONE OF THE DIATONIC MODES THAT HAVE BEEN PART OF WESTERN MUSIC SINCE THE MIDDLE AGES. THERE ARE SEVEN DIATONIC MODES (YOUR MAJOR SCALE IS ONE OF THEM), AND THESE MODES ARE USED IN ALL STYLES OF MUSIC FROM CLASSICAL TO PUNK ROCK. THE DORIAN SCALE HAS ONLY A ONE-NOTE DIFFERENCE FROM THE NATURAL MINOR SCALE. DO YOU KNOW WHICH NOTE IS DIFFERENT?

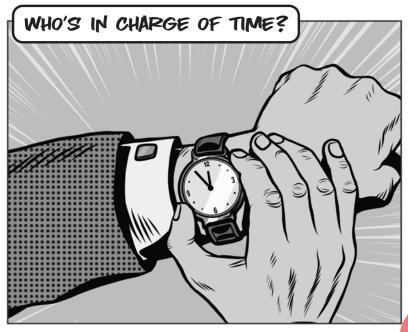


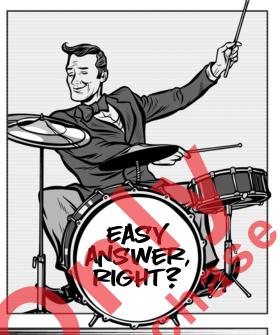
ONCE YOU HAVE THESE TWO SCALES MEMORIZED, YOU SHOULD PLAY THEM IN PATTERNS JUST LIKE WE DID WITH THE MAJOR SCALE ON PAGE 8. BY PRACTICING SCALES IN LEAPS AND STEPS, UP AND DOWN, YOU WILL GAIN CONFIDENCE AND MASTERY THAT CAN'T BE FAKED.

# SO THERE LEAD SHEET -- MELODY ONLY

Ryan Fraley (ASCAP)



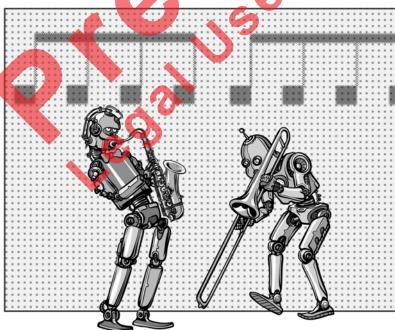






OF COURSE, EVERYONE
IS RESPONSIBLE FOR
PLAYING WITH GOOD
TIME, BUT...

...WITH VERY FEW EXCEPTIONS, PEOPLE ARE NOT ROBOTS. NO ONE PLAYS WITH PERFECT TIME.

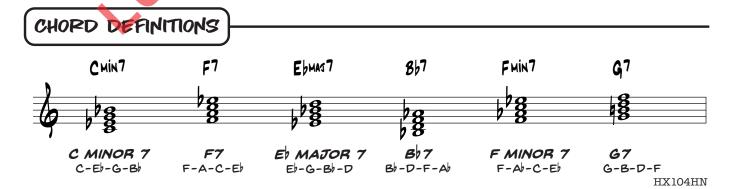


SO ALL OF US, ROBOTS AND NON-ROBOTS ALIKE, MUST LISTEN & ADJUST. GOOD TIME IS A GROUP EFFORT.

"SEGUNDO MODO" IS A 24-BAR TUNE WITH THE FORM A-A-B. THE A AND B SECTIONS ARE 8 MEASURES EACH. ALTHOUGH THE CHORDS CHANGE, YOU CAN KEEP PLAYING YOUR C DORIAN SCALE FOR MUCH OF THE A SECTION. THE SOLO FORM SHOWN ON THE PREVIOUS PAGE INDICATES THE BEST SCALE CHOICE FOR EACH PART OF THE SOLO. BELOW, YOU CAN SEE THE TENOR SAX SOLO AS PLAYED ON THE RECORDING. THE TENOR SAX SOLO IS HEARD ON THE 2<sup>ND</sup> TIME THROUGH.



THE SAX SOLO USES SOME GREAT EXAMPLES OF ARPEGGIOS (PLAYING ALL THE NOTES OF A CHORD - LIKE IN THE FIRST MEASURE), FOLLOWED BY STEP-WISE MOVEMENT (LIKE PLAYING A SCALE). THERE ARE A VARIETY OF DIFFERENT RHYTHMS, TOO.



FULL BAND CHART

# GNEISS

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