

Chris Sharp

WALDEN

Instrumentation

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 - Conductor's Full Score | 2 - F Horn 1 |
| 4 - Flute 1 | 2 - F Horn 2 |
| 4 - Flute 2 | 3 - Trombone 1 |
| 2 - Oboe | 3 - Trombone 2 |
| 2 - Bassoon | 2 - Baritone/
Euphonium |
| 4 - B♭ Clarinet 1 | 2 - Baritone T.C. |
| 4 - B♭ Clarinet 2 | 4 - Tuba |
| 4 - B♭ Clarinet 3 | 1 - Piano |
| 2 - B♭ Bass Clarinet | 1 - Bells |
| 2 - E♭ Alto Saxophone 1 | 2 - Percussion |
| 2 - E♭ Alto Saxophone 2 | Suspended Cymbal |
| 2 - B♭ Tenor Saxophone | Triangle |
| 2 - E♭ Baritone Saxophone | Wind Chimes |
| 3 - B♭ Trumpet 1 | |
| 3 - B♭ Trumpet 2 | |
| 3 - B♭ Trumpet 3 | |





The Composer

Born in 1959, Chris Sharp is a Florida native raised in Cocoa Beach. He received a Bachelor of Music degree in theory and composition from the University of Florida, where he performed in bands under Frank Wickes and Gary Langford, and studied privately with Richard W. Bowles and Edward Troupin. He earned a Master of Music degree in studio writing and production from the University of Miami, studying with Gary Lindsay, James Progris, Alfred Reed, Ron Miller, and Whit Sidener. Since 1984, Mr. Sharp has served as a staff arranger for Walt Disney World Creative Services, providing music for events ranging from street bands to national television broadcasts. He has also written for Universal Studios (Florida and California); Ringling Brothers Circus; high school and college bands throughout the United States; and several service bands, including the famed USAF Airmen of Note. Active nationwide as a clinician and adjudicator, Mr. Sharp's present focus is on developing material for high school and middle school concert bands, jazz bands, and small ensembles. He currently lives in the Orlando area, where he is a composer, arranger, orchestrator, freelance trombonist, and active music educator.

About the Music

The winds which passed over my dwelling were such as sweep over the ridges of mountains, bearing the broken strains, or celestial parts only, of terrestrial music. The morning wind forever blows, the poem of creation is uninterrupted; but few are the ears that hear it. Olympus is but the outside of the earth everywhere.

—Henry David Thoreau

Walden is based on the book of the same name, the classic work of American literature by author Henry David Thoreau. In it, Thoreau examines the relationship between man and nature, citing experiences from his two-year retreat from society in the woods surrounding Walden Pond. Living in a small cabin of his own construction, Thoreau broke life down into its barest essentials, spurning what others considered necessary comforts in favor of the beauty and simplicity of nature itself. This piece of music attempts to capture the quiet serenity of Walden Pond as it must have been in 1845, still undisturbed by the encroachments of man.

In performing this work, realize that the rhythms and barlines are only mechanical conventions for expressing an approximation of the musical ideas. The interpretation is the main concern, and can vary at the discretion of either the conductor or pianist. The supplied recording can provide guidelines, but it is intended merely as a suggestion and not as a literal translation. A few generalized dynamics are supplied, but ultimately the dynamic scheme should flow organically within the contours of the melodic line. The piano ornamentations, which appear in measures 45–46 and 70, need not be strictly metered, but allowed to fall naturally within the pianist's individual interpretation.

Strive to ensure that sounds of the wind ensemble are pure and unencumbered by extraneous noises. Though essentially in the key of E♭ throughout, there is a progression of tonality shifts spanning measures 21–31. This section should be carefully attended to so that intonation is well focused through the various temporary key changes. It may help the ensemble to identify each momentary change in key, possibly working with those particular scales. At all times, maintain the musical focus on the pianist, except in measures 47–55.

Chris Sharp

WALDEN

CHRIS SHARP
(ASCAP)

Freely ($\text{♩} = 108$)

Flutes 1
Flutes 2
Oboe
Bassoon
B♭ Clarinets 1
B♭ Clarinets 2
B♭ Bass Clarinet
E♭ Alto Saxophones 1
E♭ Alto Saxophones 2
B♭ Tenor Saxophones
E♭ Baritone Saxophones

B♭ Trumpets 1
B♭ Trumpets 2
F Horns 1
F Horns 2
Trombones 1
Trombones 2
Baritone/Euphonium
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Percussion (Suspended Cymbal, Triangle, Wind Chimes)

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rit.

Fls.
2
Ob.
Bsn.
Cl. 2
3
B. Cl.
A. Saxes
2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpts.
3
Hns.
2
Tbns.
2
Bar./
Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

6 7 8 9 10

mp

rit.

mp

11 A tempo

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 5, measures 11-15. The score includes parts for Flutes (1 & 2), Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinets (2 & 3), Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophones (1 & 2), Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, Trombones (1 & 2), Horns (1 & 2), Tuba, Bassoon/Euphonium, Piano, and Bells. The piano part features a prominent eighth-note bass line. The score is marked "A tempo". A large red watermark "preview requires purchase" is diagonally across the page.

19

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
1
2
3
B. Cl.
1
2
A. Saxos
2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
1
2
3
Hns.
2
1
Tbns.
2
Bar./Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

16 17 18 19 20 21

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
1
2
3
B. Cl.
1
2
A. Saxes
2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
1
2
3
Hns.
2
1
2
Tbns.
1
2
Bar./
Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

22 23 24 25 26 27

rit.

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
B. Cl.
A. Saxes
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpts.
Hns.
Tbns.
Bar./Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

Sus. Cym. Triangle mp

28 mp 29 f 30 31 mp

32 A tempo

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
A. Sax.
T. Sax.
B. Sax.

32 A tempo cup mute

Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Hns. 1
Hns. 2
Tbns. 1
Tbns. 2
Bar./Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

32 33 34 35 36

meno mosso

Fls.
2
Ob.
Bsn.
1
Cls. 2
3
B. Cl.
1
A. Saxos
2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
1
2
Tpts.
3
Hns.
2
1
Tbns.
2
Bar./
Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

37 38 39 40 41

rit.

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
Cls. 1
Cls. 2
Cls. 3
B. Cl.
A. Saxes 1
A. Saxes 2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Hns. 1
Hns. 2
Tbns. 1
Tbns. 2
Bar./Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

Wind Chimes

42 43 44 45 46 mp

Review Only Purchase Legal Use Requires

This musical score page contains ten staves of music for an orchestra and piano. The instruments listed are Flutes (2 parts), Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinets (3 parts), Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophones (2 parts), Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, Trombones (2 parts), Tuba, Baritone/Euphonium, and Piano. The piano part is shown with two staves. The score spans measures 42 to 46. Measure 42 starts with a dynamic 'rit.' (ritardando). Measures 43 and 44 show various instruments playing eighth-note patterns. Measures 45 and 46 feature sustained notes and chords. The piano part in measure 46 includes a dynamic 'mp' (mezzo-forte) and a performance instruction 'Wind Chimes' with a small icon. A large red watermark reading 'Review Only Purchase Legal Use Requires' is diagonally overlaid across the page.

47 A tempo

Fls. 1, 2, Ob., Bsn.

Cls. 1, 2, 3, B. Cl.

A. Saxes 1, 2, T. Sax., B. Sax.

47 A tempo
a2 open

Tpts. 1, 2, 3

Hns. 1, 2

Tbns. 1, 2

Bar./Euph.

Tuba

Piano

Bells

Perc.

rit.

55 A tempo

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
B. Cl.
A. Saxos
2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Hns. 1
Hns. 2
Tbns. 1
Tbns. 2
Bar./Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

rit. 55 A tempo

mf

8va

Musical score page 14, measures 58-62. The score includes parts for Flutes (2 staves), Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinets (3 staves), Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophones (2 staves), Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, Trombones (3 staves), Horns (2 staves), Baritone/Euphonium, Tuba, Piano, Bells, and Percussion.

Measure 58: Flutes 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Clarinets 2 and 3 play eighth-note pairs. Bass Clarinet plays eighth-note pairs. Alto Saxophones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Tenor Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Bass Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Trombones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Horns 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Baritone/Euphonium plays eighth-note pairs. Tuba plays eighth-note pairs. Piano provides harmonic support. Bells and Percussion are silent.

Measure 59: Flutes 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Clarinets 2 and 3 play eighth-note pairs. Bass Clarinet plays eighth-note pairs. Alto Saxophones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Tenor Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Bass Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Trombones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Horns 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Baritone/Euphonium plays eighth-note pairs. Tuba plays eighth-note pairs. Piano provides harmonic support. Bells and Percussion are silent.

Measure 60: Flutes 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Clarinets 2 and 3 play eighth-note pairs. Bass Clarinet plays eighth-note pairs. Alto Saxophones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Tenor Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Bass Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Trombones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Horns 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Baritone/Euphonium plays eighth-note pairs. Tuba plays eighth-note pairs. Piano provides harmonic support. Bells and Percussion are silent.

Measure 61: Flutes 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Clarinets 2 and 3 play eighth-note pairs. Bass Clarinet plays eighth-note pairs. Alto Saxophones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Tenor Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Bass Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Trombones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Horns 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Baritone/Euphonium plays eighth-note pairs. Tuba plays eighth-note pairs. Piano provides harmonic support. Bells and Percussion are silent.

Measure 62: Flutes 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Clarinets 2 and 3 play eighth-note pairs. Bass Clarinet plays eighth-note pairs. Alto Saxophones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Tenor Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Bass Saxophone plays eighth-note pairs. Trombones 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Horns 1 and 2 play eighth-note pairs. Baritone/Euphonium plays eighth-note pairs. Tuba plays eighth-note pairs. Piano provides harmonic support. Bells and Percussion are silent.

rit.

64 $\text{♩} = 96$

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
1 Cls.
2 Cls.
3 Cls.
B. Cl.
A. Saxes 1
A. Saxes 2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
rit. 64 $\text{♩} = 96$ rit.
Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Hns. 1
Hns. 2
Tbns. 1
Tbns. 2
Bar./Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

63 mp 64 f 65 66 67

Preview Use Requires Purchase

$\text{♩} = 80$

rall.

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Ob.
Bsn.
1
2
3
B. Cl.
1
2
A. Saxos.
2
T. Sax.
B. Sax.
1
2
3
Hns.
2
1
2
Tbns.
2
Bar./
Euph.
Tuba
Piano
Bells
Perc.

68 69 70 71 72 73