



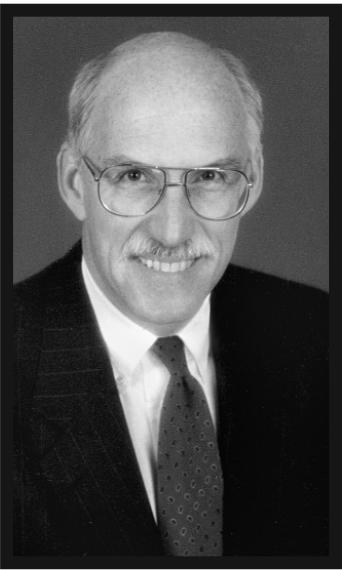
Robert Longfield
FREEDOM, JUSTICE, HONOR

Instrumentation

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 - Conductor's Full Score | 4 - F Horn |
| 8 - Flute | 3 - Trombone 1 |
| 2 - Oboe | 3 - Trombone 2 |
| 2 - Bassoon | 2 - Baritone/
Euphonium |
| 6 - B♭ Clarinet 1 | 2 - Baritone T.C. |
| 6 - B♭ Clarinet 2 | 4 - Tuba |
| 2 - B♭ Bass Clarinet | 1 - Timpani |
| 2 - E♭ Alto Saxophone 1 | 2 - Bells |
| 2 - E♭ Alto Saxophone 2 | 2 - Crash Cymbals |
| 2 - B♭ Tenor Saxophone | Suspended Cymbal |
| 1 - E♭ Baritone Saxophone | 2 - Snare Drum |
| 4 - B♭ Trumpet 1 | Bass Drum |
| 4 - B♭ Trumpet 2 | |

Preview
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T H E
F · J · H
M U S I C
C O M P A N Y
I N C.



The Composer

Robert Longfield is an award-winning composer, arranger, and educator. Born and raised in Grand Rapids, Michigan, he graduated with honors from the University of Michigan where he studied with Jerry Bilik and Paul Boylan and was a member of the band under William D. Revelli and George Cavender. He also earned a degree from the University of Miami where he was a student of Alfred Reed.

For fifteen years Mr. Longfield was the band and orchestra director at Davison High School, Davison, Michigan. Since 1987 he has held a similar position at Miami Palmetto Senior High School, Miami, Florida.

Mr. Longfield was the recipient of the "Teacher of the Year" award by the Michigan School Band and Orchestra Association. In 1996 he received the "Mr. Holland Award" from the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences for outstanding contributions to music education.

A member of ASCAP, Mr. Longfield has received several commissions and has over forty publications to his credit. His compositions and arrangements have been played and recorded by bands throughout the United States as well as in Canada, Europe, and Japan.

Performance Notes

Freedom, Justice, Honor is an overture for concert band in three-part (ABA) form. The piece opens with a dramatic, stately fanfare, that foreshadows the principle theme and returns at various points in the composition.

The tempo turns fast and energetic at measure 8. Accents that occur on the upbeats must be cleanly played by the woodwinds, baritones, tubas and percussion. The clarinets have the principle theme at measure 12. All of the accompanying parts, especially the snare drum and bass drum, should be played softly and lightly. At measure 28, the style changes to *legato*, where the percussion parts should also be played lightly.

The opening fanfare returns at measure 53 and acts as a tradition to the middle section of the piece. The flowing, lyrical melodies of this section should be played expressively, with a singing style. Measures 83–102 have a feeling of two beats to a measure and may be conducted in two ($J=60$) or in four ($J=120$). All of the instruments should play in a very sustained style at this point except for the trumpets which should play with a clean articulation. A climax occurs at measure 92 and then a short restatement of the fanfare leads to a return of the lively opening section. At the coda, a final *maestoso* statement of the opening fanfare material brings the piece to a close.

FREEDOM, JUSTICE, HONOR

ROBERT LONGFIELD
(ASCAP)

Maestoso ($\text{J} = 80$)

Flute

Oboe

Bassoon

B♭ Clarinets

B♭ Bass Clarinet

E♭ Alto Saxophones

E♭ Tenor Saxophone

E♭ Baritone Saxophone

B♭ Trumpets

F Horn

Trombones

Baritone/Euphonium

Tuba

Timpani

Bells

Crash Cymbals
Suspended Cymbal

Snare Drum
Bass Drum

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rit.

8 Allegro vivo ($\text{♩} = 144$)

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Sax.

2 A. Sax.

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

1 Tpts.

2 Tpts.

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

6 7 8 9 10 11

choke

choke

sim.

Musical score for orchestra, page 5. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Bsn.), Clarinet 1 (Cls. 1), Clarinet 2 (Cls. 2), Bass Clarinet (B. Cl.), Alto Saxophone 1 (A. Sax. 1), Alto Saxophone 2 (A. Sax. 2), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), Bass Saxophone (B. Sax.), Trumpet 1 (Tpts. 1), Trumpet 2 (Tpts. 2), Horn (Hn.), Trombone 1 (Tbns. 1), Trombone 2 (Tbns. 2), Baritone/Euphonium (Bari./Euph.), Tuba, Timpani (Tim.), Bells, Crash Cymbal/Sus. Cymb. (Cr. Cym. Sus. Cym.), and Snare Drum/Bass Drum (S.D. B.D.). The score shows measures 12 through 16. Measure 12 starts with a dynamic *p*. Measures 13 and 14 feature sixteenth-note patterns. Measures 15 and 16 show eighth-note patterns. Various dynamics and performance instructions like *mp* and *lightly* are included.

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

Cls. 1

Cls. 2

B. Cl.

A. Sax. 1

A. Sax. 2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts. 1

Tpts. 2

Hn.

Tbns. 1

Tbns. 2

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

20

17

18

19

20 *mp*

21

Review Required
Legal Use

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Sax.

2 A. Sax.

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

1 Tpts.

2 Tpts.

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

22

23

24

25

26

28

Fl. *mp* legato

Ob. *mp* legato

Bsn. *mp*

1 Cls. *mp* legato

2 Cls. *mp* legato

B. Cl. *mp*

1 A. Saxes *mp* legato

2 A. Saxes *mp* legato

T. Sax.

B. Sax. *mp*

Tpts. 1
2

Hn.

1 Tbns. *mp* legato

2 Tbns. *mp* legato

Bari./Euph.

Tuba *mp*

Tim. *mp*

Bells *mp* Sus. Cym.
with S.D. stick on dome

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym. *p*
lightly

S.D.
B.D. *mp*

27 28 *p* 29 30 31

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Saxos.

2 A. Saxos.

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts.

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

36

32

33

34

35

36

mf

f

mf

f

mf

f

mf

f

mf

f

mf legato

f

mf legato

f

mf

f

mf legato

f

mf

f

mf

p

mf

f

mf

p

mf

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

Cl.

B. Cl.

A. Saxos.

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts.

Hn.

Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

37

38

39

40

41

42

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

f

choke

Cr. Cym.

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Saxes

2 A. Saxes

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts.

2

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Timp.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

43

44

45

46

47

mf

choke

choke

To Coda Θ

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.
2

B. Cl.

1 A. Saxs.
2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts. 1
2

Hn.

Tbns. 1
2

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Timp.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

48 49 50 51 52

Meno mosso ($\text{J} = 100$)

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Sax.

2 A. Sax.

T. Sax.

B. Sax.



This musical score page shows measures 53 through 56 for the woodwind section. The instrumentation includes Flute, Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinet 1, Clarinet 2, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophone 1, Alto Saxophone 2, Tenor Saxophone, and Bass Saxophone. The tempo is Meno mosso ($\text{J} = 100$). Measure 53 starts with a dynamic of p . Measures 54 and 55 show various melodic lines with dynamics including ff , p , and ff . Measure 56 begins with a dynamic of ff . The score concludes with a ritardando (rit.) instruction.

Meno mosso ($\text{J} = 100$)

Tpts.

2

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.



This musical score page shows measures 53 through 56 for the brass and percussion section. The instrumentation includes Trumpet 1, Trumpet 2, Horn, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, Baritone/Euphonium, Tuba, Timpani, Bells, Crash Cymbal/Sus. Cymb., and Snare Drum/Bass Drum. The tempo is Meno mosso ($\text{J} = 100$). Measures 53 and 54 feature sustained notes and dynamics such as ff and p . Measure 55 includes a dynamic of ff and a fermata. Measure 56 concludes with a dynamic of ff .

57 Andante ($\downarrow = 72$)

Fl. f \downarrow p *mp cantabile*

Ob. f \downarrow p

Bsn. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

1 Cls. f \downarrow p *mp cantabile*

2 Cls. f \downarrow p *mp cantabile*

B. Cl. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

Hn.

1 A. Saxes f \downarrow mp

Hn. \downarrow *mp cantabile*

2 A. Saxes f \downarrow mp

Hn. \downarrow *mp cantabile*

T. Sax. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

Hn. \downarrow *mp cantabile*

B. Sax. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

Tpts. f \downarrow p

Hn. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p *mp cantabile*

1 Tbns. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

2 Tbns. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

Bari./Euph. f \downarrow mp \downarrow p

Tuba f \downarrow p

Tim. *mf* \downarrow *mp* \downarrow p

Bells f

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym. f

S.D.
B.D. *mf*

57 58 59 60 61 62

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67 Più mosso ($\text{J} = 80$)

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Saxes

2 A. Saxes

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

1 Tpts.

2 Tpts.

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

63 64 65 66 67 68 69

Sus. Cym.
with yarn mallets

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div.

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Saxes

2 A. Saxes

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts.

2 Tpts.

mf

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Sus. Cym.

Cr. Cym.

S.D. B.D.

75

div.

p

Hn. 1

p

Hn. 2

p

75

div.

Sus. Cym.

p

mp

75

70 71 72 73 74 75

Preview Requires Purchase

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

1 Cls.

2 Cls.

B. Cl.

1 A. Sax.

2 A. Sax.

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

1 Tpts.

2 Tpts.

Hn.

1 Tbns.

2 Tbns.

Bari./
Euph.

Tuba

Timp.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

rit.

Preview Use Requires Purchase

76 77 78 79 80 81 82

83 Allegro moderato ($\text{J} = 120$)

Musical score for measures 83-87. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Bsn.), Clarinet (1, 2) (Clz.), Bass Clarinet (B. Cl.), Alto Saxophone (1, 2) (A. Saxes), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), Bass Saxophone (B. Sax.), Trombones (Tpts. 1, 2), Horn (Hn.), Bass Trombone (Tbns. 1, 2), Baritone/Euphonium (Bari./Euph.), Tuba, Timpani (Tim.), Bells, Crash Cymbal/Sus. Cymb. (Cr. Cym./Sus. Cym.), and Snare Drum/Bass Drum (S.D./B.D.). The instrumentation consists primarily of woodwinds and brass, with some percussion. Dynamics include *f sostenuto* for woodwinds and brass, and *f* for brass/trombones. Measure 83 starts with sustained notes followed by eighth-note patterns. Measures 84-86 show sustained notes with eighth-note patterns underneath. Measure 87 concludes with eighth-note patterns.

83 Allegro moderato ($\text{J} = 120$)

Musical score for measures 83-87. The score includes parts for Trombones (Tpts. 1, 2), Horn (Hn.), Bass Trombone (Tbns. 1, 2), Baritone/Euphonium (Bari./Euph.), Tuba, Timpani (Tim.), Bells, Crash Cymbal/Sus. Cymb. (Cr. Cym./Sus. Cym.), and Snare Drum/Bass Drum (S.D./B.D.). The instrumentation shifts to brass and percussion. Dynamics include *f* for brass/trombones, *f sostenuto* for brass/trombones, and *p f* for brass/trombones. Measures 83-86 feature eighth-note patterns. Measure 87 concludes with eighth-note patterns.

Musical score page 19, measures 88 to 93. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Bsn.), Clarinet (1 Cls., 2 Cls.), Bass Clarinet (B. Cl.), Alto Saxophone (A. Saxes 1, 2), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), Bass Saxophone (B. Sax.), Trombones (Tpts. 1, 2), Horn (Hn.), Bass Trombone (Tbns. 1, 2), Baritone/Euphonium (Bari./Euph.), Tuba, Timpani (Timp.), Bells, Crash Cymbal/Sus. Cymb. (Cr. Cym. Sus. Cym.), and Snare Drum/Bass Drum (S.D. B.D.). The score features dynamic markings such as *ff*, *p*, *f*, *mf*, and *ff*. Measure 91 is marked with a red diagonal watermark reading "Preview Use Requires Purchase".

A page of musical notation for a large orchestra, numbered 20 at the top left. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Bsn.), Clarinet (1 Cls., 2 Cls.), Bass Clarinet (B. Cl.), Alto Saxophone (1 A. Saxes, 2 A. Saxes), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), Bass Saxophone (B. Sax.), Trumpet (1 Tpts., 2 Tpts.), Horn (Hn.), Trombone (1 Tbns., 2 Tbns.), Baritone/Euphonium (Bari./Euph.), Tuba, Timpani (Tim.), Bells, Crash Cymbal/Sus. Cymbal (Cr. Cym. Sus. Cym.), and Snare Drum/Bass Drum (S.D. B.D.). The music consists of two systems of staves. The first system starts with a dynamic of f and includes markings like rit. and $\geq f$. The second system begins with a dynamic of p and ends with a dynamic of f . Measure numbers 94 through 100 are indicated at the bottom of each staff.

102 Allegro vivo ($\downarrow = 144$) D.S. $\S\S$ al Coda

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

Cls. 1

Cls. 2

B. Cl.

A. Sax. 1

A. Sax. 2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

102 Allegro vivo ($\downarrow = 144$) D.S. $\S\S$ al Coda

Tpts. 1

Tpts. 2

Hn.

Tbns. 1

Tbns. 2

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

101 *mf*

102 *f*

103 *f*

104 *f*

105 *f*

cym. choke

choke

sim.

Maestoso ($\text{J} = 80$)

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

Cls. 1

Cls. 2

B. Cl.

A. Saxos 1

A. Saxos 2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts. 1

Tpts. 2

Hn.

Tbns. 1

Tbns. 2

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Timp.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

Maestoso ($\text{J} = 80$)

106

107

108

109

110

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rit.

Meno mosso

rit.

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

Cls. 1

Cls. 2

B. Cl.

A. Saxs. 1

A. Saxs. 2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

Tpts. 1

Tpts. 2

Hn.

Tbns. 1

Tbns. 2

Bari./Euph.

Tuba

Tim.

Bells

Cr. Cym.
Sus. Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

111 112 113 114 115 116

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