



Symphony for Brass and Percussion

ALFRED REED

INSTRUMENTATION

1 Conductor	1 1st Horn in F	1 1st Baritone
1 1st B♭ Trumpet	1 2nd Horn in F	1 2nd Baritone
1 2nd B♭ Trumpet	1 3rd Horn in F	1 1st Tuba
1 3rd B♭ Trumpet	1 4th Horn in F	1 2nd Tuba
1 4th B♭ Trumpet	1 1st Trombone	1 Timpani
1 1st B♭ Cornet	1 2nd Trombone	1 Tom-Toms
1 2nd B♭ Cornet	1 3rd Trombone	5 Percussion
	1 4th Trombone (Bass)	(Snare Drum, Bass Drum, Crash Cymbals, Suspended Cymbal, Woodblock, Bells, Xylophone, Vibraphone, Gong, Chimes)

ABOUT THE COMPOSER

A native of Manhattan, New York, Alfred Reed (1921–2005) was brought up in a musical family. His formal music education began at age 10. As a trumpet player, he was active as a professional musician at a very early age. He was educated at Baylor University and the Juilliard School of Music where he studied with Vittorio Giannini. His passion for band music grew while he was a member of the 529th Army Air Force Band during the second World War. Following the war, he began composing and arranging for radio, film and television, including NBC and ABC.

Alfred Reed has over 200 published works for band, orchestra, chorus and various chamber groups. Two of his most performed works are *Armenian Dances* and *Russian Christmas Music*, both of which are standard repertoire for concert bands and orchestras.

Following his retirement from the University of Miami, Dr. Reed remained active as a clinician and guest conductor globally.

PROGRAM NOTES

The *Symphony for Brass and Percussion*, originally completed in the summer 1952, received its first performance in December of that year at the College Band Directors National Association convention in Chicago, by member of the Oberlin Symphonic Band under the direction of Donald I. Moore, to whom the work is dedicated. It is the composer's second major work for the Wind-Brass-Percussion ensemble, following the *Russian Christmas Music*, and represents an attempt at exploring the possibilities for utilizing on brass and percussion sonorities in an extended piece.

The music is in three movements. The first opens with a broad introduction in which most of the thematic material of the movement is exposed. The allegro section takes the form of an intensive hard-driven march, but it is in triple rather than the usual duple time. The basic theme, already presented in the introduction, is treated with alternate quartal and tertial harmonies, although it is built mainly in fourths throughout. A quiet, almost chorale-like middle section follows the dying away of this first part, after which the original march-like theme returns and brings the first movement to an ending of great sonority.

(continued on next page)

The second movement, by contrast, is in three-part song form, beginning with a long, lyrical line in baritone, horn and tuba colorings, which is later taken up by the trumpets and trombones. The second part begins as a six-part fugato developing over a long pedal point in the timpani. This reaches a high climax which dies away in preparation for the return of the original theme. This is now heard in tuned percussion colors, finally to be taken up again by the original baritone, horn and tuba grouping, bringing the movement to a quiet close.

The third movement is a rondo built on Latin-American rhythms, with the percussion section augmented by three tom-toms, tuned to low, middle and high pitches. It begins with an undulating rhythmic background over which the tubas state a motive which rises higher and higher in register until it is caught up by full trumpets and trombones. This is developed with rhythmic alterations, then dies away, yielding to the second part, which consists of a long lyrical line in canon between the trumpets, set over an inner pedal point figure in the horns. A basso ostinato is sounded by baritone and tuba in octaves. The horns, first in two and then in four parts, take over this theme in turn, followed by trumpets and trombones returning to the first section and its hard-driving rhythms. A short, broadened version of the first theme forms the coda, bringing the movement, as well as the entire Symphony, to a powerful conclusion.

The music was originally scored for 4 Horns, 4 Trumpets, 4 Trombones, 2 Baritones, 1 Tuba and 5 Percussion players. In this revised edition, the instrumentation has been increased by 2 Cornets and a second Tuba. The version represents the composer's experience with the work during its first 15 years, giving performances under all conditions. The composer considers himself fortunate in having an opportunity to further deal with the problems of blending and balance under varying degrees of acoustical excellence, and with projecting happier solutions to these problems.

NOTES TO THE CONDUCTOR

This work has been conceived for one player to a part as far as blend and balance are concerned. However, the music can be performed by larger groups, such as the full brass section of a concert band, if care is taken to maintain the relative strengths of sonorities that would then result. For instance, the horn parts, if not doubled, would lack sufficient volume to match that of doubled (or tripled) trumpet, trombone, baritone and tuba parts. The resulting balances would be upset to a greater or lesser degree, depending on the nature of the specific passages involved. And it must rest within the taste and judgment of the conductor to resolve such problems. Of course, the idea of having two players to each part for alternation and relief throughout an extended work such as this is another matter altogether, and can be heartily recommended, especially with younger players.

Obviously, exact tempi and dynamic values must depend on the exact size of the group, and the indicated versions of both of these elements, especially the metronomic markings, must be regarded as approximations only. Then too, the acoustical conditions under which the performance will take place must also be taken into account, so that, even in the most complex passages, all of the elements will be heard clearly by the audience.

It should be noted that the cornets rarely play the same parts as the trumpets. They are the soprano voices of the conical brass family and are designed to support and blend with the horns and baritones rather than with the trumpets and trombones (cylindrical tone color). The conductor is respectfully urged, therefore, to have *real* cornets play these two parts, with the deeper, cup-shaped mouthpieces designed for these instruments, in order to achieve the separation of tone color and blending abilities demanded by the nature of the music they will play.

Attention is also called to the following specific passages in order to insure the thematic elements being heard as clearly as possible.

1. 3rd and 4th trombones and tubas in the last four measures of the first movement: Here the trumpets and percussion must come down in intensity *immediately* after their sforzando attacks and then build again, so that the low brass may be heard.
2. The opening theme of the third movement, which first appears in the deepest register of the tubas in measure 7 and continues for the next four bars: If the tubas cannot project the theme sufficiently without "blurring," they should then play in octaves instead of unison, with the 1st tuba playing an octave higher until the second note in measure 16.
3. In the third movement, the timpani passages, beginning 8 measures after rehearsal number 5, and continuing until 2 measures after rehearsal number 7, must be articulated clearly since they make thematic reference. If necessary, they should be played a little louder than indicated, with an immediate dampening of each group figure of four tones (or more, later on).

Careful attention to rhythmic precision, phrasing and dynamics will result in a brilliant, forceful performance of this exciting score, which demonstrates many of the possibilities inherent in the combination of brass and percussion instruments.

Total-17:00

Maestoso (♩=54)

1
2

Horns in F

3
4

Cornets B♭ 1
2

1
2

Trumpets B♭

3
4

2nd
1st

f molto sost.

f molto sost.

1
2

Trombones

3
4

2nd
1st

f molto sost.

f molto sost.

1
2

Baritones

1
2

Tubas

1
2

Timpani

Snare Drum

Percussion

Cymbals

Bass Drum

Cyms. a2 l.v.

Waves Purchase

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for multiple instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Corianders), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone Saxophones), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), S.D. (Snare Drum), and Cyms. B.D. (Cymbals). The score is written in a standard musical notation, featuring various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The page is marked with a large red watermark that reads "Legal Use Required".

This is a page of a musical score for a brass and woodwind ensemble. The score is written for Horns (Hns.), Corianders (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tubas, Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), Cymbals (Cyms.), and Bass Drum (B.D.). The music is in 4/4 time and features various dynamics such as fortissimo (ff), mezzo-forte (mf), piano (p), and pianissimo (ppp). The score includes a large red watermark that reads "Use Requires Purchase" diagonally across the page.

Allegro ma non troppo ($\text{♩} = 132$)

Hns.

Cors.

Tpts.

Trbs.

Bars.

Tubas.

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms.

B.D.

a2 brassy

marc.

marc.

1st

1st

Cyms. a2 l.v.

sempre marc.

sempre marc.

a2

a2

choked

[illegible]

This musical score is for the song "The Rose Tree" and includes parts for various instruments and vocalists. The instruments listed on the left are:

- Hns. (Horns)
- Cors. (Cor Anglais)
- Tpts. (Trumpets)
- Trbs. (Trumpets/Bass)
- Bars. (Baritone Saxophone)
- Tubas
- Timp. (Timpani)
- S. D. (Soprano Drums)
- Cyms. (Cymbals)
- B. D. (Bass Drums)

The score is written in 2/4 time and features a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are for Soprano (Soprano), Alto (Alto), Tenor (Tenor), and Bass (Bass). The instrumental parts include Horns, Cor Anglais, Trumpets, Baritone Saxophone, Tubas, Timpani, Soprano Drums, Cymbals, and Bass Drums. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (e.g., *f*, *mf*, *sfz*).

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including Horns (Hns.), Corsos (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tuba (Tubas), Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), Cymbals (Cyms.), and Bass Drum (B.D.). The notation is complex, featuring various musical symbols, notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as 'mp' (mezzo-piano) and 'p' (piano). The score is divided into two systems, with the first system ending at measure 10 and the second system starting at measure 11. A large, diagonal watermark reading 'Redeal Music' is overlaid across the entire page.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including the following instruments:

- Horns (Hns.):** Four staves (1-4).
- Cor Anglais (Cors.):** Two staves (1-2).
- Trumpets (Tpts.):** Four staves (1-4).
- Trombones (Trbs.):** Four staves (1-4).
- Baritone (Bars.):** Two staves (1-2).
- Tuba (Tubas):** Two staves (1-2).
- Timpani (Timp.):** One staff.
- Snare Drum (S.D.):** One staff.
- Cymbals (Cyms.):** One staff.
- Bass Drum (B.D.):** One staff.

The score is written in a common time signature (C) and features various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Key markings include:

- Dynamic markings:** *brassy* (appearing multiple times), *sempre ff* (appearing twice), and *ff* (appearing multiple times).
- Rehearsal mark:** A circled number 7 is visible at the top of the page.
- Watermark:** A large, diagonal red watermark reading "Copyrighted Material" is overlaid across the entire page.

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including the following instruments:

- Hns. (Horns)
- Cors. (Cori)
- Tpts. (Trumpets)
- Trbs. (Trumpets)
- Bars. (Baritone)
- Tubas
- Timp. (Timpani)
- S.D. (Snare Drum)
- Cym. (Cymbal)
- B.D. (Bass Drum)

The score is written in a standard musical notation, featuring various notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark "REVIEW COPY" is overlaid diagonally across the page. The page number "8" is visible in the top right corner.

⑨

Hns. *sfz* *pp*

Cors. 1 2 *mp* *3*

1 2 *Str. mute* *f* *3* *Str. mute* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *p*

3 4 *f* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *p*

Trbs. 1 2 *mp* *3* *mp* *3*

3 4 *mp* *3*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp. *p*

S.D. *mp* *3*

Cyms. *Susp. Cym. (Timp stick)* *p* *l.v.*

B.D.

Hns.

Cors. 1 2

1 2 *Cup mutes** *mp* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *p*

3 4 *Cup mutes** *mp* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *3* *p*

Trbs. 1 2 *mp* *3* *mp* *3* *mp* *3* *pp*

3 4 *mp* *3* *mp* *3* *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *pp* *1st Solo*

Tubas *mp poco marc.* *1st* *p*

Timp. *pp*

S.D. *p* *3*

Cyms. *Susp. Cym.* *pp* *l.v.*

B.D.

* If change cannot be affected cleanly, play both times with straight mutes.

10

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 2 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2 (1st) 3 4

Tubas 3 4 (1st) 3 4

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

poco *pp* *ppp* *ppp*

Lento (♩ = 69)

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

p *poco* *p* *mp* *mp*

11

Hns. 1 2 *p* *pp* 2nd *p* 4th *p*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *Cup mutes* *p* *mp* *p* *p*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *Cup mutes* *p* *mp* *p* *p*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2 *1st* *p*

Timp.

Bells *Bells (Solo)* *p*

Cyms. B.D.

12

Hns. 1 2 *Muted* *pp* *mp* *Muted* *pp* *mp*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *a2* *pp* *mp*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *p* *pp* *p*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2

Timp.

Bells *p* *mp* *p*

Cyms. B.D.

Allegro (♩ = 136) 13

Hns.

Cors.

Tpts.

Trbns.

Bars.

Tubas

Timp.

S. D.

Cym. B. D.

2nd Solo

hard mallets

Crisply

p *pp* *ppp*

[illegible]

The image shows a musical score for a brass band. The score is written for the following instruments: Horns (Hns.), Cornets (Cors.), Trumpets (Tpts.), Trombones (Trbs.), Baritone (Bars.), Tubas, Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (S.D.), and Cymbals/Bass Drum (Cyms. B.D.). The music is in 2/4 time. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *mp*, *cresc.*, and *Open*. A large red watermark "Copyright" is visible across the score.

This musical score is for the song "The Rose Tree" and includes parts for the following instruments and voices:

- Hns.** (Horns): 1st and 2nd parts.
- Cors.** (Cor Anglais): 1st and 2nd parts.
- Tpts.** (Trumpets): 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th parts.
- Trbs.** (Trumpets): 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th parts.
- Bars.** (Baritone Saxophones): 1st and 2nd parts.
- Tubas** (Tubas): 1st and 2nd parts.
- Timp.** (Timpani).
- S. D.** (Snare Drum).
- Cyms.** (Cymbals).
- B. D.** (Bass Drum).

The score is written in 2/4 time and features a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark "Sample Use Only" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including the following instruments and parts:

- Hns. (Horns):** Staves 1 and 2, marked with "a2".
- Cors. (Corianders):** Staves 3 and 4, marked with "a2".
- Tpts. (Trumpets):** Staves 5 and 6, marked with "ff".
- Trbs. (Trumpets):** Staves 7 and 8, marked with "ff".
- Bars. (Baritone Saxophones):** Staves 9 and 10, marked with "ff".
- Tubas:** Staves 11 and 12, marked with "ff".
- Timp. (Timpani):** Staff 13, marked with "ff".
- S.D. (Snare Drum):** Staff 14, marked with "ff".
- Cyms. (Cymbals):** Staff 15, marked with "ff".
- B.D. (Bass Drum):** Staff 16, marked with "ff".

The score includes various musical notations, such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "ff" (fortissimo) and "molto sonore". A large red watermark "Legal Use" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

16

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

a2

Solo 3

17

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cyms. B.D.

a2

3

17

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2

Timp.

S.D.

Cym.

B.D.

2nd

1st

4th

3rd

2nd

2nd f

choke

18

sfz *mf*

Hns. 1 2

3 4

sfz *mp*

Cors. 1 2

1st 2nd

Tpts. 1 2

2nd 3rd

3 4

sfz *p*

Trbs. 1 2

3 4

sfz *p*

Bars. 1 2

1st 2nd

Tubas 1 2

a2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms.

B. D.

18

1 2 3 4

Hns.

2nd 1st

4th 2nd

1 2 3 4

Cors.

2nd 1st

3rd

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

3rd

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

mf

1 2 3 4

Bars.

1 2

Tubas

1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms.

B. D.

19

1 2 3 4

Hns.

mf

1 2 3 4

Cors.

1st 2nd

3 marc.

1 2 3 4

Tpts.

p

1 2 3 4

Trbs.

1 2 3 4

Bars.

1 2

Tubas

1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms.

B. D.

a2

Solo

19

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms. B. D.

20

20

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

S. D.

Cyms. B. D.

Largo (♩ = 50)

Horns in F

Cornets B♭

Trumpets B♭

Trombones

Baritone 1st *sost. e espr.* *p*

Tuba 2nd *p*

Timpani

Percussion

Solo *p* *mp*

Horns 1st *p* 2nd *p* 3rd *mp*

Cornets

Trumpets

Trombones

Baritone 1st *pp* 2nd *pp*

Tuba 2nd *pp*

Timpani

Percussion

Chimes l.v.

Cyms.(a2) l.v.

[illegible]

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone Saxophones), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), Gng. (Gong), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The music is written in a standard musical notation with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is divided into measures, and the instruments are grouped by staves. The page includes a large red watermark that reads "Lea's Requiem".

④ **Poco rit.** **Un poco più mosso**

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *p* *Soli a2* *p*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *p* *Solo*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *1st* *pp* *p* *pp*

Tubas. 1 2 *pp*

Timp. *pp*

S. D.

B. D.

⑤

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *p* *sempre p e sost.* *a2* *p cresc. poco a poco*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *2nd* *p Solo* *3rd* *p Solo* *cresc. poco a poco*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *3rd* *pp* *2nd* *pp* *3rd* *pp*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2

Timp. *sempre pp*

S. D.

B. D.

1 2
Hns. *a2* *Soli* *mp* *cresc. poco a poco* *a2*

3 4
mp

1 2
Cors. *mp* *Solo* *cresc. poco a poco*

1 2
Tpts. *mp* *cresc.* *3rd mp*

3 4
p

1 2
Trbs. *Solo* *mp* *cresc. poco a poco* *2nd Solo*

3 4
mp

1 2
Tubas *mp*

Timp. *mp*

S. D.

B. D.

1 2
Hns. *mf* *cresc.* *a2* *mf* *cresc.*

3 4
mf *cresc.*

1 2
Cors. *mp* *a2* *mf*

1 2
Tpts. *mp* *cresc.* *mf* *cresc.*

3 4
1st mp *2nd p* *cresc.* *4th p* *cresc.*

1 2
Trbs. *1st mp* *2nd p* *cresc.* *4th p* *cresc.*

3 4
1st p *cresc.* *mp*

1 2
Tubas *cresc. poco a poco* *1st p* *cresc.* *mp*

Timp. *cresc. poco a poco*

Bells *cresc.*

Ch. *mf*

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), Bells, and B.D. (Timp. sticks). The score is written in a standard musical notation, featuring notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as 'marc.' (marcato) and 'sost.' (sostenuto). The page is numbered 7 in the top right corner. A large red watermark 'Copyrighted Material' is visible across the page.

[illegible]

[illegible]

This musical score is for the piece "The Rose Tree" and includes parts for the following instruments:

- Horns (Hns.):** 1st and 3rd parts.
- Corsos (Cors.):** 1st and 2nd parts.
- Trumpets (Tpts.):** 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th parts.
- Trombones (Trbs.):** 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th parts. The 1st part includes a "Cup mute" instruction.
- Baritone (Bars.):** 1st and 2nd parts.
- Tubas:** 1st and 2nd parts.
- Timpani (Timp.):** Solo part.
- Vibraphone (Vibr.):** Solo part.
- Bells:** Solo part.
- Chimes (Ch.):** Solo part.

The score is written in 4/4 time and includes various musical notations such as dynamics (e.g., *ppp*, *mp*, *p*, *pp*), articulation (accents), and performance instructions (e.g., "Soli", "a2", "secc."). A large red watermark "Legal Use Required" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

III

29

Con moto (♩=104) (112-116, if possible)

Horns F

Cornets B♭

Trumpets B♭

Trombones

Baritones

Tubas

Timpani

3 Tom-toms Low Mid. High

Percussion

Susp. Cym.

Wood-block

Bass Drum

soft mallets

hard mallets

pp

Susp. Cym. (hard stick)

Wood block (hard stick)

W-b.

①

Hns.

Cors.

Tpts.

Trbs.

Bars.

Tubas

a2- Soli

1st optional

p

poco

cresc. poco a poco

T. T.

S. Cym.

W. b.

B. D.

cresc. poco a poco

stopped a2 +

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

T. T.

S. Cym.
W. b.
B. D.

Open a2

Open a2

1st p mfz

cresc.

cresc.

2

cresc.

cresc.

4th mf

Open

S. Cym.
W. b.
B. D.

1 2
Hns. *a2* *gliss.* *a2* *sfz*

3 4
Cors. *a2* *gliss.* *a2* *sfz*

1 2
Tpts. *f* *sf* *sfz*

3 4
Trbs. *f* *sf* *sfz*

1 2
Bars. *a2* *gliss.* *a2* *sfz*

1 2
Tubas *a2* *gliss.* *a2* *sfz*

Timp. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

T.T. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

Cym. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

B.D. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

1 2
Hns. *a2* *3* *sfz* *sf*

3 4
Cors. *a2* *3* *sfz* *sf*

1 2
Tpts. *f* *sf* *sfz*

3 4
Trbs. *f* *sf* *sfz*

1 2
Bars. *a2* *3* *sfz* *sf*

1 2
Tubas *a2* *3* *sfz* *sf*

Timp. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

T.T. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

Cym. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

B.D. *mp* *f* *sf* *sfz*

④

Hns. 1 2 *sim.*

Cors. 1 2 *sim.*

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4 *sfz*

Bars. 1 2 *sfz*

Tubas 1 2 *sfz*

Timp. *sfz*

T. T. *sfz*

Cym. B.D. *sfz*

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), T.T. (Trombones), Cym. (Cymbals), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The score is divided into two systems, with the first system starting at measure 1 and the second system starting at measure 5. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A large red watermark "Preview Only" is overlaid diagonally across the page.

Instrumentation and Staves:

- Hns. (Horns): 1st and 2nd staves.
- Cors. (Cori): 1st and 2nd staves.
- Tpts. (Trumpets): 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th staves.
- Trbs. (Trumpets): 1st and 2nd staves.
- Bars. (Baritone): 1st and 2nd staves.
- Tubas: 1st and 2nd staves.
- Timp. (Timpani): 1st and 2nd staves.
- T.T. (Trombones): 1st and 2nd staves.
- Cym. (Cymbals): 1st and 2nd staves.
- B.D. (Bass Drum): 1st and 2nd staves.

Dynamic Markings and Performance Instructions:

- dim.* (diminuendo)
- poco* (poco)
- a* (accelerando)
- pp* (pianissimo)
- p* (piano)
- 1st Solo*
- Solo*
- pp Solo*

Muted

⑥

Hns. Muted 3rd *mp* *mfz*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. Str. mute *p* *mfz*
3rd *p* *mfz*

Trbs. 1st *mpz*

Bars. 1st Solo *mp*

Tubas. (1st) *mpz* *p* *mpz*

Timp. *p* *p*

T.T.

B.D.

Hns. *mfz* *p* *mfz* *f* *mp* *p*

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. *mfz* *a2* Str. mute *mfz* 1st *mfz* 3rd *mfz*

Trbs. *p*

Bars. 1 2

Tubas. 1 2

Timp. *p* *mp* *p*

T.T.

Xyl. Xylophone *mfz*

⑦

Hns. 1 2 *p* *a2* *p*

Cors. 1 2 *p* *a2* *p*

Tpts. 1 2 *sfz* *pp* *Solo 3rd* *pp*

Trbs. 1 2 *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *pp* *2nd* *pp* *1st* *pp*

Tubas 1 2 *pp*

Timp. *(strike wooden handles of drum sticks against each other)*

T. T. *p*

Xyl. *sfz*

B. D. *pp* *Bells* *p* *l.v.* *B. D.*

⑧

Hns. 1 2 *sempre p* *a2*

Cors. 1 2 *sempre p*

Tpts. 1 2 *pp* *Solo 1st* *pp* *mf*

Trbs. 1 2 *pp*

Bars. 1 2 *sempre pp*

Tubas 1 2 *sempre pp*

Timp. *sempre p*

T. T. *sempre p*

Bells *pp* *l.v.* *B. D.* *sempre p*

1 2 Hns. *mfz*

3 4 *mfz* Open Soli *p* *mp*

1 2 Cors. 2

1 2 Tpts. *(a2)* *p* *pp*

3 4 *(a2)* *p* *pp*

1 2 Trbs. *pp* *sempre pp*

3 4 *pp*

1 2 Bars. *mfz*

1 2 Tubas *mfz* soft mallets

Timp. *pp*

T.T. *pp*

Bells *mf*

Xyl. *mf*

B.D.

10

1 2 Hns.

3 4 *mf*

1 2 Cors.

1 2 Tpts. *mf*

3 4

1 2 Trbs.

3 4

1 2 Bars.

1 2 Tubas

Timp. *sempre pp*

T.T. *sempre pp*

Bells *mf*

Xyl. *mf*

B.D.

Open 1st *mp* *mf* (11)

Hns. 1 2 3 4 *mf* Open

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4 *p* Solo 4th *mf*

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2 1st *p* *mp* 2nd *p*

Tubas 1 2 *p*

Timp. *poco meno p*

T.T. *poco meno p*

Bells *f*

Xyl. *f*

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[illegible]

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), T.T. (Tutti), Xyl. (Xylophone), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The score includes musical notation, dynamics, and a large red watermark reading "Legal Use Required".

The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes staves for Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Xyl., and B.D. The second system includes staves for Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Xyl., and B.D. The score includes musical notation, dynamics, and a large red watermark reading "Legal Use Required".

The score is written for various instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), T.T. (Tutti), Xyl. (Xylophone), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The score includes musical notation, dynamics, and a large red watermark reading "Legal Use Required".

The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes staves for Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Xyl., and B.D. The second system includes staves for Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Xyl., and B.D. The score includes musical notation, dynamics, and a large red watermark reading "Legal Use Required".

The score is written for various instruments, including Hns. (Horns), Cors. (Cori), Tpts. (Trumpets), Trbs. (Trumpets), Bars. (Baritone), Tubas, Timp. (Timpani), T.T. (Tutti), Xyl. (Xylophone), and B.D. (Bass Drum). The score includes musical notation, dynamics, and a large red watermark reading "Legal Use Required".

The score is divided into two systems. The first system includes staves for Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Xyl., and B.D. The second system includes staves for Hns., Cors., Tpts., Trbs., Bars., Tubas, Timp., T.T., Xyl., and B.D. The score includes musical notation, dynamics, and a large red watermark reading "Legal Use Required".

14

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

T.T.

Xyl.

B.D.

sim.

brassy a2

Susp. Cym. (Timp stick)

1 2
Hns. *sim.*

3 4
sim.

1 2
Cors. *sim.*

1 2
Tpts.

3 4

1 2
Trbs. *a2*

3 4 *a2*

1 2
Bars. *sim.*

1 2
Tubas

Timp.

T.T.

Cym.
B.D.

1 2
Hns.

3 4

1 2
Cors. *a2*

1 2
Tpts. *mp*

3 4 *mp*

1 2
Trbs.

3 4

1 2
Bars. *a2* *f* *Soli*

1 2
Tubas *a2* *f* *Soli*

Timp.

T.T.

Cym.
Gong
B.D.

mp

Gong

p

16

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Cors. 1 2

Tpts. 1 2 3 4

Trbs. 1 2 3 4

Bars. 1 2

Tubas 1 2

Timp.

T.T.

Cym. Gong B.D.

Poco meno mosso

allargando *al fine*

Bells up a2

brassy

Susp. Cym.

choke

f *ff* *mf* *mp* *p*

The musical score for page 43 is a complex arrangement for a large brass and percussion ensemble. It begins with a section marked 'Poco meno mosso' and 'allargando al fine'. The brass instruments, including Horns, Cornets, Trumpets, Trombones, Baritone, and Tubas, play a melodic line with various articulations and dynamics. The percussion section, consisting of Timpani, Tom-Tom, Cymbal, Gong, and Bass Drum, provides a rhythmic foundation. The score includes a variety of dynamics, from fortissimo (ff) to pianissimo (p), and features a large red watermark 'Preview Use Only'.

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