# THE SHAPESHIFTERS 

By Anthony Granata



## PROGRAM NOTES

Shapeshifters... the mythological beings with the ability to change their physical form at will. They are the subject of ancient legends and folklore dating back thousands of years. Often misunderstood, they can at first appear beautiful and innocent until violently shifting into something otherworldly. In the gorgeous opening "Largo," which introduces our shapeshifters main theme, we are subely introduced to a discordant melody that hints at the frightening transformation yet to come. As if out of nowhere, they've abruptly shifted form in the exciting and terrifying "Allegro"! While we never know exactly what they transform into, listen closely as these creatures of myth struggle between their two forms, ultimately succumbing to their fate at the conclusion.

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## Note from the Editor

In orchestral music, there are many editorial markings that are open for interpretation. In an effort to maintain consistency and clarity you may find some of these markings in this piece. In general, markings for fingerings, bowing patterns, and other items will only be marked with their initial appearance. For a more detailed explanation of our editorial markings, please download the free PDF at www.alfred.com/stringeditorial.
X
extended position
$\stackrel{-}{\text { shift }}$
,
bow lift/reset
$(b),(\#),(b)$
high or low fingerings
H $\quad$ ior $V$ V
hooked bowings


As our young musicians grow, shifting is a necessary part of their advancement on string instruments. This piece focuses solely on shifting into third position, giving each section of your orchestra opportunities to practice and master this technique. Purposely set in the key of G minor, The Shapeshifters builds fluency in shifting from third to first position and understanding the importance of finger placement. For example. in measures 18 and 19, 2nd violins, violas, and cellos play a $G, B b$, and $A$, and in the next measure a $G$, $B$, and $A b$. Working through such subtle finger placements should be a vital component in teaching this piece.

Opportunities for 1 st violins to be challenged further, such as in measure 49, where top violinists can practice $1 / 2$ position, and in measure 48, where cellos can practice lower 2nd position, can further challenge your students during rehearsals. As always, basses will shift the most $(1 / 2,1, I I$, and $1 H$ ), so give them some extra attention.

As for style, the marcatos at measure 21 are abrupt, so work on differentiating them from the accents and legatos/ tenutos. Melodically and harmonically, really let those dissonant chords stand out to make audiences jump. Finally, the three-note motif introduced in measure one-have students identify each time it returns and make sure it's heard!


FULL SCORE
Duration - 3:45

## The Shapeshifters








Vlns.

Vla.
(Vln. III)

Str. Bass










