Alfred's Premier Piano Express

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All-In-One Accelerated Course

Lesson • Theory • Technique • Performance

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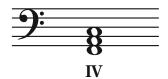
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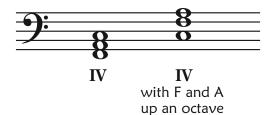
UNIT 1 The IV Chord

The IV Chord in C

The **IV** chord is built on the 4th note (subdominant) of the scale.



In C major, the IV chord often moves F and A up an octave.



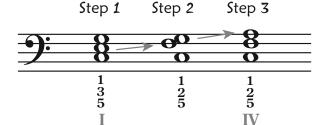
Moving from the I Chord to the IV Chord

Use these three steps to make I—IV in C easier to play:

Step 1: Play the **I** chord.

Step 2: Raise the middle note a half step.

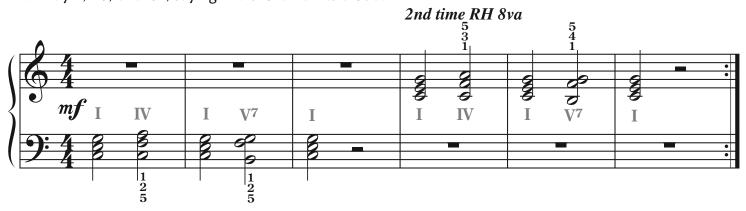
Step 3: Raise the top note a whole step.



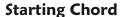
The Primary Chords in C

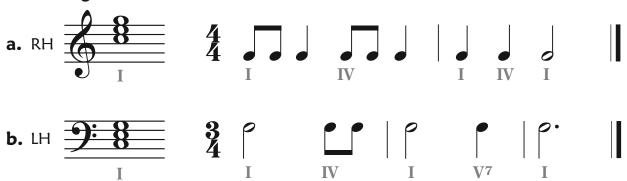
The most important chords in any key are the I, IV, and V^7 chords. They are called the **primary chords**.

1. Play I, IV, and V^7 , saying the chord names aloud.



2. Using these rhythms, play $I,\ IV$, and V^7 in C by reading the chord symbols.

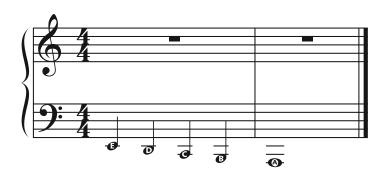




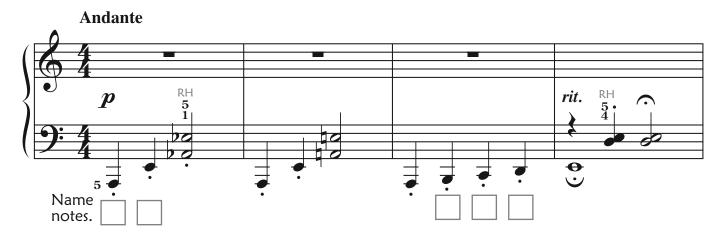
UNIT 4 Ledger Lines and the Chromatic Scale

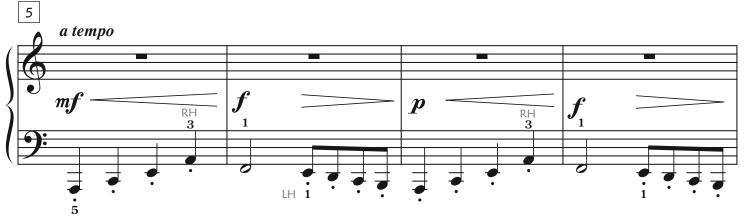
Ledger Lines Below the Bass Staff

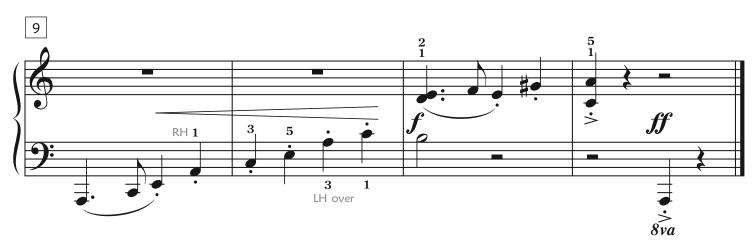
Ledger lines below the bass staff are used to notate low notes.



Mystery Theater ♠ 9

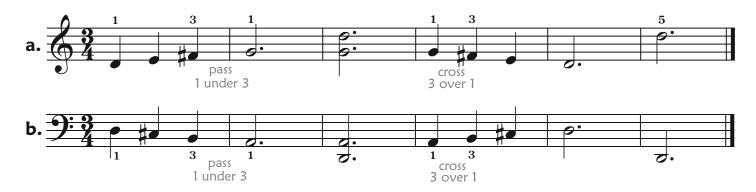






UNIT 6 D Major Scale and Chords

Preparation for D Major Scale

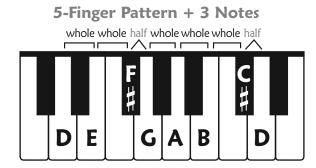


D Major Scale

The D major scale contains 8 notes—the D 5-finger pattern + 3 notes.

Half steps occur between notes 3–4 (F \sharp –G) and 7–8 (C \sharp –D).

In the D major scale, there are two sharps—F# and C#.



Playing the D Major Scale (Hands Separately)

Say the finger numbers as you practice slowly. Memorize the fingering.



Left Hand



Intervals in the D Scale



UNIT 7 A Minor Scales and Chords

Minor Scales

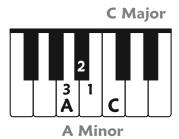
Minor scales sound different from major scales. There are 3 types of minor scales: natural, harmonic, and melodic. In this book, you will learn natural and harmonic minor scales.

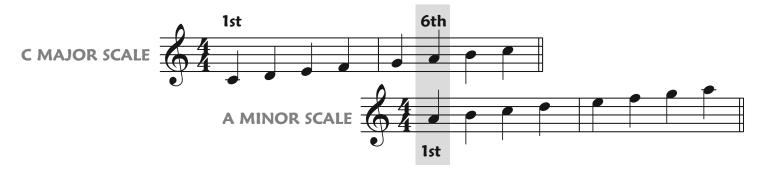
Relative Minor Scales

Each major scale has a *relative minor* scale. The *relative minor* scale begins on the 6th note of the major scale. The two scales use the same notes and key signature.

A minor is the *relative minor* of C major. The keys of C major and A minor have no sharps or flats in the key signature.

You can also find the relative minor by counting 3 half steps down from the tonic.



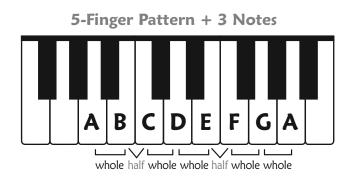


A Natural Minor Scale

The A natural minor scale contains 8 notes—the A minor 5-finger pattern + 3 notes.

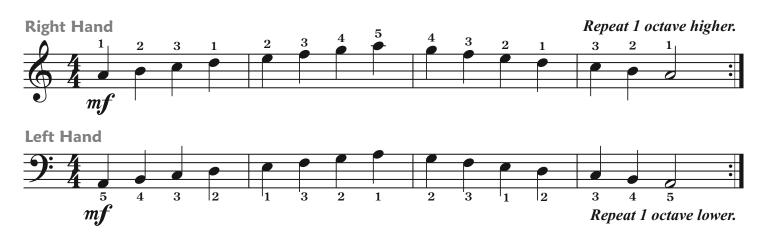
Half steps occur between notes 2-3 (B-C) and 5-6 (E-F).

In the A natural minor scale, there are no sharps or flats.



Playing the A Natural Minor Scale (Hands Separately)

Say the finger numbers as you practice slowly. Memorize the fingering.





2. Add a beam to each group of 3 quarter notes. Then change the 2nd and 3rd notes in each group to sixteenth notes by adding a 2nd beam.



3. Add a beam to each group of 3 quarter notes. Then change the 1st and 2nd notes in each group to sixteenth notes by adding a 2nd beam.



4. Write one note in the empty box to equal the total counts of the notes in the first box.

New Italian Terms

Sforzando (sf) = with a strong accent

Leggiero = lightly

Dolce = sweetly

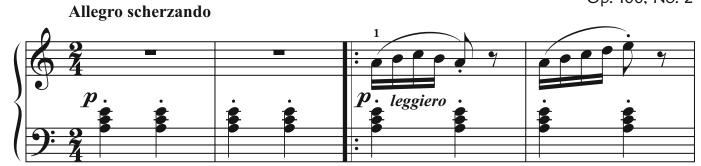
Risoluto = boldly

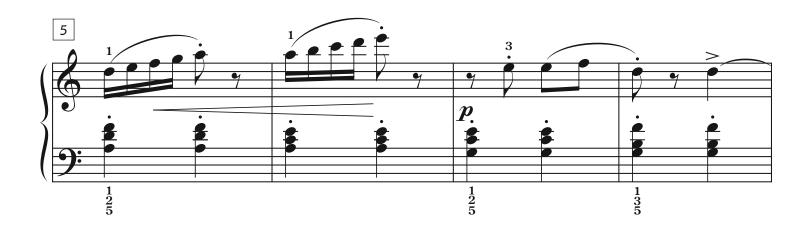
Speed Links

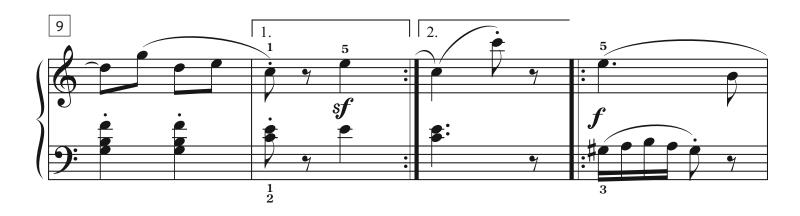
To play sixteenth notes quickly, link notes together with one arm motion. Play the first note of each sixteenth-note pattern with weight. Quickly play the notes that follow in the same measure by transferring weight from finger to finger.

Arabesque* 🕬 33

Johann Burgmüller (1806 - 1874)Op. 100, No. 2







^{*} An arabesque is a piece with many decorative musical figures. In Burgmüller's Arabesque, the sixteenth notes provide the decoration.