

JAZZ BAND SERIES

 Belwin™ JAZZ
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Cold Duck Time

EDDIE HARRIS

Arranged by ERIK MORALES

INSTRUMENTATION

Conductor	1st Trombone
1st Eb Alto Saxophone	2nd Trombone
2nd Eb Alto Saxophone	3rd Trombone
1st Bb Tenor Saxophone	Bass Trombone
2nd Bb Tenor Saxophone	Guitar Chords
Eb Baritone Saxophone	Guitar
1st Bb Trumpet	Piano
2nd Bb Trumpet	Bass
3rd Bb Trumpet	Drums
4th Bb Trumpet	

Optional/Alternate Parts

Auxiliary Percussion (Tambourine)
C Flute
Vibraphone
Tuba
Horn in F (Doubles 1st Trombone)
1st Baritone T.C./Bb Tenor Saxophone (Doubles 1st Trombone)
2nd Baritone T.C./Bb Tenor Saxophone (Doubles 2nd Trombone)
3rd Baritone T.C./Bb Tenor Saxophone (Doubles 3rd Trombone)

NOTES TO THE CONDUCTOR

Cold Duck Time was first premiered at the 1969 Montreux Jazz Festival by a group led by jazz pianist Les McCann. The composer, Eddie Harris, played tenor sax at this concert. The music has a funky style that was trending in the late 60s. Rock and funk rhythms were becoming popular to jazz musicians as they tried to keep the genre viable for the younger listening audience. This song is a classic example of how popular music of the time was beginning to find its way into serious jazz music. This arrangement features the essence of funk and rock while maintaining a contemporary jazz flair.

Articulation is critical, as always. Staccatos are short but not clipped; *marcato* or rooftop accents (^) are detached and accented—think “daht.”

There is section independence in this chart—meaning not every section member plays the same rhythm or entrance, so make sure the players are thinking individually and focused on their own part and how it connects to the ensemble. The intro line for trombones and rhythm section should be played with confidence—dig in. The grace notes in the melody line are ornamentation. Sometimes grace notes can detract from a note or phrase due to players focusing on playing the grace note more than the written note. Share this concept with the band members—the written note rhythm is priority, therefore the grace note does not interfere with the written rhythm. If it’s a problem, omit the grace notes.

The section beginning at measure 42 may be open for solos in other instruments beyond the written alto and optional bari solos. Keep in mind the written solos are a guide—encourage improvisation! Consider other/additional instruments to solo to include vibes if desired. Reserve the background figures for the last repeat of each solo. Note the guitar solo with an overdrive effect (or optional trumpet) at measure 68—kick it hard in this solo space. Other points of interest include angular rhythms like the ones that appear at measures 66–69, 101, and 105–106. Careful rehearsal of these rhythms is essential—upbeats should be heavily accented.

For the rhythm section, the piano, bass, and drum parts are well-notated. The guitar part has written notes, rhythmic slashes, and standard slashes. The rhythmic slashes indicate to play the written chord with the notated rhythm, and the standard slashes are for basic comping behind the ensemble or soloists. With the energy and rhythmic complexity in this chart, I suggest the comping be rhythmical to enhance the groove. Listen, blend, and create an effective comping rhythm.

Caution the band to observe the modulation in measure 101—watch the key signature. There are also dynamics and a few ♫ markings followed by crescendos—look and listen!

Enjoy!

—Erik Morales



**Erik
Morales**

Erik Morales began his composing career shortly after graduation from high school in south Florida. He studied composition at Florida International University, and completed his bachelor's degree at the University of Louisiana at Lafayette. Accessible at all levels, the music of Erik Morales has a unique melodic and harmonic vocabulary that appeals to audiences worldwide. His published works encompass a large variety of styles and settings, including works for concert, orchestral, jazz and chamber ensembles and have been part of featured performances across the globe. Mr. Morales currently teaches and plays trumpet professionally in the New Orleans area, in addition to maintaining an active composing and conducting schedule.

CONDUCTOR
40357S

COLD DUCK TIME

By Eddie Harris
Arranged by Erik Morales

FUNK ROCK $\text{d} = 132-144$

1st Eb ALTO SAXOPHONE

2nd Eb ALTO SAXOPHONE

1st Bb TENOR SAXOPHONE

2nd Bb TENOR SAXOPHONE

Eb BARITONE SAXOPHONE

1st Bb TRUMPET

2nd Bb TRUMPET

3rd Bb TRUMPET

4th Bb TRUMPET

1st TROMBONE

2nd TROMBONE

3rd TROMBONE

BASS TROMBONE

GUITAR

PIANO

BASS

DRUMS

AUXILIARY PERCUSSION (TAMBOURINE)

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CONDUCTOR

-2-

COLD DUCK TIME

The musical score consists of 16 staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments listed from top to bottom are: ALTO 1, ALTO 2, TENOR 1, TENOR 2, BARI., TPT. 1, TPT. 2, TPT. 3, TPT. 4, TBN. 1, TBN. 2, TBN. 3, BASS TBN., GR2., PNO., BASS, DRUMS, and AUX. PERC. The score is set in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. Measure numbers 9 through 16 are indicated at the bottom of the page. The title 'COLD DUCK TIME' is located in the top right corner. The conductor's part is at the top left.

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

CONDUCTOR

- 3 -

GOLO DUCK TIME

ALTO 1
ALTO 2
TENOR 1
TENOR 2
BASS 1.
TPT. 1
TPT. 2
TPT. 3
TPT. 4
TBN. 1
TBN. 2
TBN. 3
BASS TBN.
GTR.
PNO.
BASS
DRUMS
AUX. PERC.

(D7) E7 F7 Am7(b5) Ab13(b5) G15(b5) D7 E7 F7 (G15(b5)) E7

RIDE CYM. (SILENCE) (G.D.)

CONDUCTOR

- 4 -

COLD DUCK TIME

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CONDUCTOR

- 5 -

COLD DUCK TIME

ALTO 1

ALTO 2

TENOR 1

TENOR 2

BASS.

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

BASS TBN.

GTR.

PNO.

BASS

DRUMS

AUX. PERC.

(C7) E7 F7 A15(B9) D15(E9)

(C7) E15 F15 A15 B15 C15 G15 B15

RIDE CYM. H.H. RIDE CYM.

33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40

CONDUCTOR

SHADS 2ND TIME OR ON CUE
OPTIONAL: OPEN FOR ADDITIONAL SOLOS

ALTO 1

ALTO 2

TENOR 1

TENOR 2

BARI.

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

BASS TBN.

GTR.

PNO.

BASS

DRUMS

AUX. PERC.

- 6 -

COLD DUCK TIME

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41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48

CONDUCTOR

- 7 -

COLD DUCK TIME

The musical score consists of 15 staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments listed from top to bottom are: ALTO 1, ALTO 2, TENOR 1, TENOR 2, BARI., TPT. 1, TPT. 2, TPT. 3, TPT. 4, TBN. 1, TBN. 2, TBN. 3, BASS TBN., GR., PNO., BASS, DRUMS, and AUX. PERC. The score is set in common time with a key signature of one sharp. Measure numbers 49 through 56 are indicated at the bottom of the page. The title 'COLD DUCK TIME' is located in the top right corner. The entire page is covered by a large, semi-transparent red watermark that reads 'Legal User Requires Purchase Only' diagonally across it.

CONDUCTOR

2.

58

- 8 -

COLD DUCK TIME

ENO SOLO (58)

w/TENs.

H.H. CLOSED

G7

C7

G7(+)

G7

C7

G7(+)

57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64

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CONDUCTOR

COLD DUCK TIME

- 9 -

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65

67

68

69

70

71

72

CONDUCTOR

- 10 -

COLD DUCK TIME

ALTO 1
ALTO 2
TENOR 1
TENOR 2
BARI.
TPP. 1
TPP. 2
TPP. 3
TPP. 4
TBN. 1
TBN. 2
TBN. 3
BASS TBN.
CLAR. 12
PNO.
BASS
DRUMS
AUX. PERC.

73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

CONDUCTOR

COLD DUCK TIME

- 11 -

ALTO 1
ALTO 2
TENOR 1
TENOR 2
BASS 1
TPT. 1
TPT. 2
TPT. 3
TPT. 4
TBN. 1
TBN. 2
TBN. 3
BASS TBN.
GTR.
PNO.
BASS
DRUMS
AUX. PERC.

81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88

83

A7

E9sus TUTTI

G7

D9sus

END SOLO

G7

D9sus

PLAY H.H. ONLY THROUGH MS. 9L

H.H. CLOSED

AD LIB.

CONDUCTOR

- 12 -

COLD DUCK TIME

The musical score consists of 16 staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments listed on the left are: ALTO 1, ALTO 2, TENOR 1, TENOR 2, BARI., TPT. 1, TPT. 2, TPT. 3, TPT. 4, TBN. 1, TBN. 2, TBN. 3, BASS TBN., GTR., PNO., BASS, DRUMS, and AUX. PERC. The score is divided into measures numbered 89 through 96. Measure 91 is the first measure shown with music. Measures 92 through 96 are blank. Measure 91 begins with a dynamic instruction 'CLEAN' above the first staff. Chord symbols are placed above specific notes in each staff: G^{b9}, F⁹, E⁹, E^{b9}, F^{b5} over the first staff; G7sus over the second staff; G⁷ over the third staff; E^{m7}, E^{bmas7} over the fourth staff; F^{b5} over the fifth staff; and 'As Written (Overdrive)' over the sixth staff. Measure 92 starts with a dynamic 'G^{7sus}' above the second staff. Measure 93 starts with a dynamic 'G⁷' above the third staff. Measure 94 starts with a dynamic 'E^{m7}, E^{bmas7}' above the fourth staff. Measure 95 starts with a dynamic 'F^{b5}' above the fifth staff. Measure 96 starts with a dynamic 'G⁷' above the third staff.

CONDUCTOR

- 13 -

COLD DUCK TIME

ALTO 1

ALTO 2

TENOR 1

TENOR 2

BASS.

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

BASS TBN.

GR. 2

PNO.

BASS

DRUMS

AUX. PERC.

- 13 -

COLD DUCK TIME

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97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104

CONDUCTOR

- 14 -

COLD DUCK TIME

ALTO 1
ALTO 2
TENOR 1
TENOR 2
BARI.
TPP. 1
TPP. 2
TPP. 3
TPP. 4
TBN. 1
TBN. 2
TBN. 3
BASS TBN.
GTR.
PNO.
BASS
DRUMS
AUX. PERC.

(E7sus) A^{b9} A⁹ A⁹ D¹⁵

H.H. CLOSED A A

105 106 107 108 109 110 111

100

CONDUCTOR

COLD DUCK TIME

- 15 -

ALTO 1
ALTO 2
TENOR 1
TENOR 2
BASS.
TPT. 1
TPT. 2
TPT. 3
TPT. 4
TBN. 1
TBN. 2
TBN. 3
BASS TBN.
GTR.
PNO.
BASS
DRUMS
AUX. PERC.

112 113 114 115 116 117

CONDUCTOR

- 16 -

COLD DUCK TIME

ALTO 1

ALTO 2

TENOR 1

TENOR 2

BARI.

TPT. 1

TPT. 2

TPT. 3

TPT. 4

TBN. 1

TBN. 2

TBN. 3

BASS TBN.

GTR.

PNO.

BASS

Drums

AUX. PERC.

(Fmaj7) Gsus9 Asus A F#sus Gsus9 A Gsus9 Dsus AD sus.

ON BELL

Big SOLO FILLS!

118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125

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