



# SCHUBERT

ALLEGRO IN A MINOR OPUS 144; D. 947 FOR ONE PIANO, FOUR HANDS

"Lebensstürme"

EDITED BY MAURICE HINSON AND ALLISON NELSON





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# FRANZ SCHUBERT

## ALLEGRO IN A MINOR ("LEBENSSTÜRME"), OP. 144; D. 947 (FOR ONE PIANO, FOUR HANDS)

## **Edited by Maurice Hinson and Allison Nelson**

#### **Foreword**

This large passionate work was composed in 1828, the year of Franz Schubert's death. It is written in sonata-allegro form and might have been intended as the first movement of a sonata. It was first published by composer and publisher Anton Diabelli (1781–1858) in 1840 with the title Lebensstürme: Characterischeres Allegro (Life's Storms: Characteristic Allegro). The title was probably an editorial addition to make the work more marketable.

#### ABOUT THE MUSIC

The *Allegro in A Minor* makes extensive use of chromaticism, Neapolitan sixth chords, and contrasts of moods. The notation includes complex rhythms, including quarternote triplets and two-against-three rhythms. The dynamics are also greatly expressive, extending from ppp to ff. The calm and serene moods should be played with tenderness and intimacy; the forte sections should be played with excitement.

Schubert was a master of melodic imitation, and this work demonstrates how he could repeat passages yet create variety. Phrases are repeated over and over. They are often played first by one hand in the Primo part, then by the other hand; they are then imitated in the Secondo part. Generally, the Primo and Secondo parts are equally divided so both parts are of the same approximate difficulty.

Form: Sonata-allegro.

Deviating from composing a traditional sonata-allegro form, Schubert replaces the usual two contrasting themes of the exposition with first and second theme groups, each group containing its own two themes.

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Exposition:
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First theme group:
       Theme 1 = 1-11 (Introduction)
       Theme 2 = 12 - 88
   Second theme group:
       Theme 1 = 89-182
       Theme 2 = 183 - 259
Development:
   259–346 (develops the first theme group)
Recapitulation:
   347–576 (repeats the first and second theme groups)
Coda: 577-623
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The opening chords (measures 1–10) are used six times throughout the work, announcing in each case the beginning of a new section. At the opening of the development, the chords are in F minor instead of A minor. In measure 390, the Secondo entrance is delayed by a half measure. These harmonic and rhythmic subtleties create a captivating listening experience.

# Allegro in A Minor

("Lebensstürme")

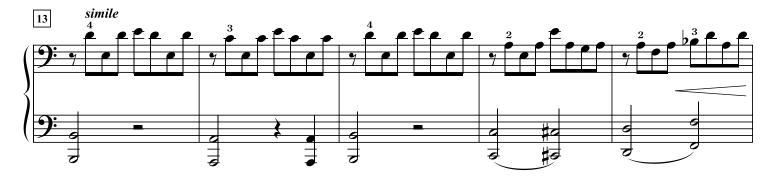
## SECONDO

Franz Schubert (1797–1828) Op. 144; D. 947

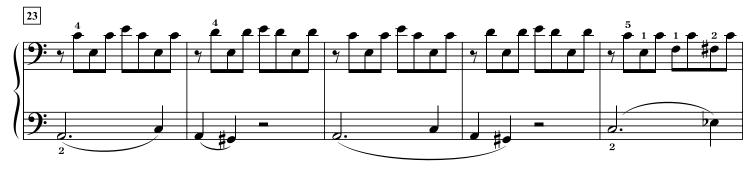
Allegro ma non troppo ( = 112)











# Allegro in A Minor

("Lebensstürme")

## PRIMO

