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Alfred Music P.O. Box 10003 Van Nuys, CA 91410-0003 alfred.com

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ISBN-10: 0-7390-8615-4 ISBN-13: 978-0-7390-8615-4

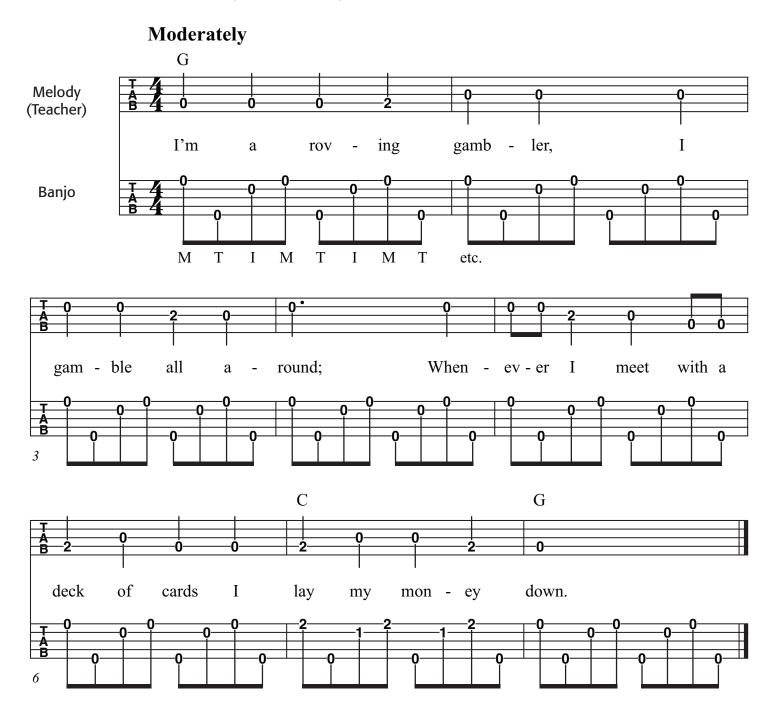
The Backward Roll

Start with the 1st string, and work backward across the strings. The sequence is:

- 1. Middle finger picks up on 1st string
- 2. Thumb picks down on 5th string
- 3. Index finger picks up on 2nd string
- 4. Middle finger picks up on 1st string
- 5. Thumb picks down on 5th string
- 6. Index finger picks up on 2nd string
- 7. Middle finger picks up on 1st string
- 8. Thumb picks down on 5th string

THE ROVING GAMBLER (VERSION 2)

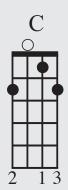
Below is the TAB for "The Roving Gambler" using the backward roll.

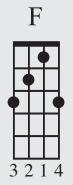


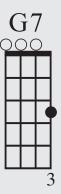
The Key of D

To play in the key of D, keep your capo at the 2nd fret. You will be fingering in the key of C, but with the capo at the 2nd fret, you'll actually sound in D. Don't forget to tune your 5th string two frets higher to an A.

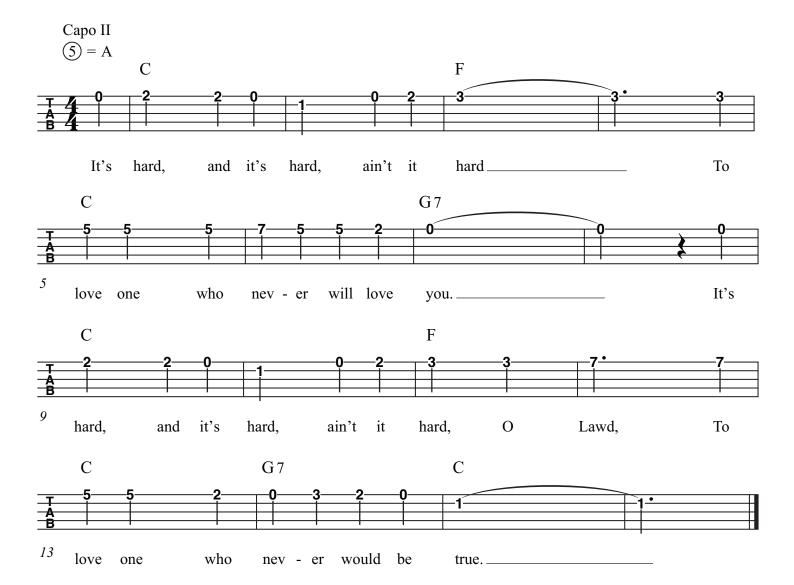
To the right are the three chords you'll need:







HARD, AIN'T IT HARD



Additional Lyrics

There is a place in this old town, That's where my true love lays around, He takes other women, right down on his knee, And he tells them a little tale he won't tell me. Don't go to drinking and a gamblin', Don't go there your sorrows to drown, That hard liquor place is a lowdown disgrace, It's the meanest old place in this town.

$\frac{3}{4}$ Time

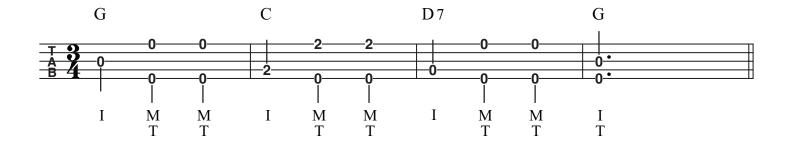
So far, everything you have played has been in either $\frac{4}{4}$ or $\frac{4}{4}$ time. Let's learn a new time signature now: $\frac{3}{4}$ time ("three-quarter time"), which is also referred to as *waltz time*. In $\frac{3}{4}$, there are three beats for each measure of music. Below are some right-hand bluegrass strums for playing in $\frac{3}{4}$ time. This new time signature is usually played very evenly, with a slight emphasis on the first beat of the measure.

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3_4 Pinch

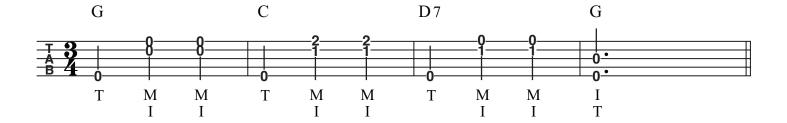
Let's try a pinch in $\frac{3}{4}$ time. Follow these steps:

- 1. Your right-hand index finger plays the 3rd or 2nd string
- 2. Your right-hand middle finger plays the 1st string while the thumb plays the 5th string at the same time



Below is another way to play in $\frac{3}{4}$ time with the pinch:

- 1. Your right-hand thumb plays the 4th or 5th string
- 2. Your right-hand index finger plays the 2nd string while the middle finger plays the 1st string at the same time



Backup Patterns

In $\frac{4}{4}$ time, backup patterns can be played on the 2nd and 4th beats of each measure. These beats are referred to as the *backbeats*, or *afterbeats*. In these instances, you do not play the 1st and 3rd beats.

Backup Pattern 1

In backup playing, the banjo will usually take a secondary role, playing the 2nd and 4th beats, while the fiddle, mandolin, or dobro take solos. Here's an example of what the banjo would play:

1st beat: Rest 2nd beat: Play 3rd beat: Rest 4th beat: Play

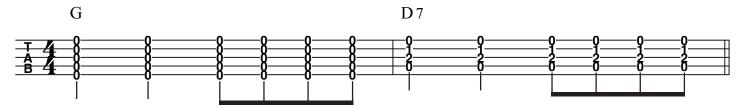
In TAB notation, it looks like this:



For these chords, it is common to use a *three-finger pinch*, with the right thumb, index, and middle fingers playing.

Backup Pattern 2

Here's another way to play backup. The rhythm for this pattern is two quarter notes, followed by four eighth notes, or long, long, short, short, short. Here it is in TAB notation:



^{*} This accent (Λ) means to emphasize the chord and cut the sound off short.