

“C” IS FOR CHORALE

God of Our Fathers: A Chorale Fantasy

FRANK ERICKSON

INSTRUMENTATION

- | | |
|---|---|
| I Full Score | 3 1st B♭ Trumpet |
| 8 Flute/Piccolo | 3 2nd B♭ Trumpet |
| 2 Oboe | 3 3rd B♭ Trumpet |
| 4 1st B♭ Clarinet | 2 1st F Horn |
| 4 2nd B♭ Clarinet | 1 2nd F Horn |
| 4 3rd B♭ Clarinet | 1 3rd F Horn |
| 2 E♭ Alto Clarinet/
E♭ Contrabass Clarinet | 2 1st Trombone |
| 2 B♭ Bass Clarinet/
B♭ Contrabass Clarinet | 2 2nd Trombone |
| 2 Bassoon | 2 3rd Trombone |
| 2 1st E♭ Alto Saxophone | 2 Baritone T.C. |
| 2 2nd E♭ Alto Saxophone | 2 Baritone B.C. |
| 2 B♭ Tenor Saxophone | 4 Tuba |
| 1 E♭ Baritone Saxophone | 1 Timpani |
| | 2 Percussion I
(Snare Drum, Bass Drum) |
| | 1 Percussion II
(Suspended Cymbal, Crash
Cymbals) |

Preview
Legal Use
Requires Purchase

Frank
Erickson Publications

When performing this selection it is suggested that this sub-title be used for programming purposes: "God of Our Fathers: A Chorale Fantasy".

Among the earliest chorales were arrangements of hymn tunes from the German Protestant Church. These hymns were introduced into the church service by Martin Luther (1483-1546) who wrote the texts and probably also the melodies for some of the oldest and most beautiful chorales, *A Mighty Fortress Is Our God*, being the most well known. The second half of the 16th century represents the most productive period of Lutheran hymnody: more than 200 books published in that period contain the rugged hymns of the Reformation set to melodies as direct and massive as themselves.

Throughout the medieval centuries church music was almost exclusively the providence of the choir and clergy. The Reformation gave a voice to the laity in which they participated in the singing of hymns, but only the melody, supported by the choir or organ. It is from these hymns that Johann Sebastian Bach drew his material for the chorales in his cantatas and religious compositions, the final movements almost always being a harmonized chorale. The art of chorale harmonization reached its maturity in the compositions of Bach.

Elaboration on these hymns led to other musical forms such as the chorale prelude, originally an organ composition designed to be played during the service, before the chorale was sung by the congregation. There were several different ways of treating chorale melodies in other forms as well, such as the *choral motet*, *chorale fugue*, *chorale canon* and *chorale fantasy*.

These forms of composition fell out of favor after the time of Bach, but were revived by Brahms in one of his *Eleven Chorale Preludes*, written in 1896. In recent times several band composers have adopted the *chorale prelude* form in their compositions, notably Claude T. Smith. I might also mention my own *Salvation Is Created: A Chorale Prelude*.

God of Our Fathers: a Chorale Fantasy

God of Our Fathers, a Chorale Fantasy is based on the hymn by George Warren (1828-1902). It was written in 1876 to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence. As has happened so often with other composer, George Warren is known only for a single composition, the hymn *God of Our Fathers*.

The *chorale fantasy* varies from the *chorale prelude* in that it is much freer in form and style. This number opens with a variation of the fanfare that has been traditionally inserted as an introduction and interlude between stanzas. The chorale is then presented in a traditional harmonization by the full band. The second section is in a faster tempo, and is based on statements of the opening motive of the hymn presented in fugal style. This section comes to a close with interjections of the fanfare motive leading back to a final presentation of the hymn, in the brass, with a counter-melody in the upper woodwinds. The composition concludes with a return to an expanded version of the opening fanfare.

It is suggested that students be given copies of this material and permission is granted to reproduce this page for study purposes.

Full Score
Duration 3:30

“C” IS FOR CHORALE

God of Our Fathers : A Chorale Fantasy

By Frank Erickson

Moderately ($\text{d} = 100$)

Flute-Piccolo

Oboe

B♭ Clarinet

E♭ Alto Clarinet-E♭ Contrabass Clarinet

B♭ Bass Clarinet-BB♭ Contrabass Clarinet

Bassoon

E♭ Alto Saxophone

B♭ Tenor Saxophone

E♭ Baritone Saxophone

B♭ Trumpet

F Horn

Trombone

Baritone

Tuba

Timpani

Cymbals

Snare Drum
Bass Drum

Fl.-Picc. 5
Ob.
B♭ Cl.
E♭ A. Cl.
B♭ B. Cl.
Bsn.
A. Sax 1
T. Sax
B. Sax
B♭ Tpt. 5
Hn.
Trb.
Bar.
Tuba
Timp.
S.D.
B.D.

Preview Use Requires Purchase

13

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1

A. Sax 2

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3

Hn. 1

Hn. 2

Hn. 3

Trb. 1

Trb. 2

Trb. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

Fl.-Picc. 20 Faster (♩ = 116) 24

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1/2

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3

Hn. 1

Hn. 2

Hn. 3

Trb. 1

Trb. 2

Trb. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Tim.

S.D.
B.D.

mf

mp

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1

A. Sax 2

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3

Hn. 1

Hn. 2

Hn. 3

Trb. 1

Trb. 2

Trb. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Preview Use Requires Purchase

cresc.

34

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1

Hn. 1

Trb. 1

Bar.

Tuba

29918

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl.
1
2
3

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax
1
2

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt.
1
2
3

Hn.
1
2
3

Trb.
1
2
3

Bar.

Tuba

39

a2

39

a2

Preview in progress

29918

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

Bb Cl.

Eb A. Cl.

Bb B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax

T. Sax

B. Sax

Bb Tpt.

Hn.

Trb.

Bar.

Tuba

49

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl.

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Trb.

Bar.

Tuba

Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl.

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Trb.

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

S.D.
B.D.

Fl.-Picc. 57 rit.

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1 57 1. Horn rit.

2. 3. Horn

Hn. 1

Trb. 2

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

S.D. B.D.

The score includes parts for Flute/Piccolo, Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinet in B-flat (1st and 2nd), Bass Clarinet, Alto Clarinet in E-flat, Bassoon, Alto Saxophone (1st and 2nd), Tenor Saxophone, Baritone Saxophone, Bass Trombone (1st and 2nd), Horn, Trombone, Bass Drum, Timpani, and Snare Drum/Bass Drum. Measure 57 is indicated at the top left. Various dynamics like forte (f), piano (p), and ritardando (rit.) are marked throughout the score. The bassoon part features a prominent bassoon solo in measure 57. The score is set in common time with a key signature of one flat.

Majestically ($\text{♩} = 90$)

62

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1

A. Sax 2

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3

Hn. 1

Hn. 2

Hn. 3

Trb. 1

Trb. 2

Trb. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

Majestically ($\text{♩} = 90$)

62

Crash

Previews require purchase

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax 1

A. Sax 2

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3

Hn. 1

Hn. 2

Hn. 3

Trb. 1

Trb. 2

Trb. 3

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

S.D.
B.D.

67

67

a2

g2

29918

Preview Use Requires Purchase

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl.

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Trb.

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

S.D.
B.D.

Fl.-Picc.

Ob.

B♭ Cl.

E♭ A. Cl.

B♭ B. Cl.

Bsn.

A. Sax

T. Sax

B. Sax

B♭ Tpt.

Hn.

Trb.

Bar.

Tuba

Timp.

Cym.

S.D.
B.D.

78

78

Preview Only

Computerized engraving by Joseph Compello, Glen Arm, Maryland

Preview Only
Legal Use Requires Purchase

