Alfred's Basic Piano Library

Piano

Composition Book • Complete Levels 2 & 3

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This COMPOSITION BOOK is designed to be used with *Alfred's Basic Piano Library*, LESSON BOOK, Complete Levels 2 & 3. The book is coordinated page-by-page with the LESSON BOOK, and assignments are ideally made according to the instructions in the upper right corner of each page of the COMPOSITION BOOK.

This Composition Book reinforces concepts as they are presented in the Lesson Book, and specifically focuses on the development of creativity and compositional skills. In the beginning, students may need help notating their pieces correctly. Eventually students should be able to complete the assignments at home if the instructions for each exercise are reviewed at the lesson. Ask students to play directly

from the music they have composed so they can see the correlation between what they have written and how the music actually sounds. This reinforces new concepts and strengthens reading skills.

It is possible to use this book even after a student has progressed to higher levels. This can solidify concepts already learned and can stimulate and develop creativity and compositional skills. The book can also be used with students in other methods.

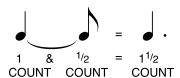
Encourage students to use the limitations given in the book as a guide, but allow them to explore beyond those limitations. This will develop their natural curiosity and creativity. Examples for the teacher are given on pages 54 and 55.

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Dotted Quarter Notes

A **DOTTED QUARTER NOTE** is equal to a quarter note tied to an eighth note.



In $\overset{2}{4}$, $\overset{4}{4}$ or $\overset{4}{4}$ time, the **DOTTED QUARTER NOTE** is almost always followed by an **EIGHTH NOTE** ($\overset{1}{\downarrow}$. $\overset{1}{\downarrow}$)!



- 1. The counting is given at the beginning of each Clap Rap. Complete the counting, writing 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & in $\frac{4}{4}$ and 1 & 2 & in $\frac{2}{4}$
- 2. Clap and say the words to each Clap Rap with your teacher.
- 3. Using and write the matching rhythm on the lines below the words.
- 4. Using the hand positions indicated, improvise a melody that matches the rhythm of each *Clap Rap. When you IMPROVISE*, you **EXPERIMENT** with sound.



Clap Rap

4	Dot	-	ted	quar -	ters	are	eas -	у	to	clap.		
							 <u> </u>	_		 	 _	

When	my	teach	- er	says			I	get	to	rap!	
			—					' 			
											
Dot		-	ted	quar ·	- ters	are		eas - y	to	get.	Α
			—					' — —			
	—		—								
lit		-	tle	clap -	-ping	and	 '	have	it	yet!	
								' —			

The TWELVE BAR BLUES PROGRESSION is a musical form that utilizes the PRIMARY CHORDS in a twelve measure piece. Often, the progression is repeated many times, while musicians improvise new melodies or vary the original motives.

The basic progression is:





- 1. Play the LH TWELVE BAR BLUES PROGRESSION of My Motives Are Blue. Identify the chords and write the CHORD SYMBOLS (I, IV, V7) in the boxes below the staff.
- 2. Using your BLUES MOTIVE, its TRANSPOSITION to F and G, and its RETROGRADE form, compose a melody for My Motives Are Blue that blends well with the chords.
- 3. Choose DYNAMIC SIGNS and write them in the appropriate places.
- 4. Use the appropriate indications for LEGATO and STACCATO.
- 5. Write the TEMPO MARK that best suits your piece in the appropriate place.
- 6. Play your piece!

My Motives Are Blue

